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* CANCER INCIDENCE AND MORTALITY *
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* AT DIFFERENT AGES *
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* CANADA 1975-1979 *
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CANCER INCIDENCE AND MORTALITY


AT DIFFERENT AGES

CANADA 1975-1979

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INTRODUCTION

This report illustrates the relative importance of different cancers at different ages in terms of both cancer incidence and cancer mortality in Canada. For each five-year age group and sex the number, percentage distribution and age-specific rates (per 100,000 population) of the ten leading cancers are shown. This makes it easy to obtain answers to such questions as:

What types of cancer occur in children, in persons of middle age, in older people?

How frequently are these cancers diagnosed?

How many deaths are due to these cancers?

What are the major cancers in males compared with females at different ages?

To show a meaningful pattern of cancer occurrence in each age group based on sufficient data, the five-year period 1975 to 1979 was used for this analysis. It should be noted though that the pattern is changing with time as some cancers increase in relative importance and others decrease. For example, lung cancer incidence and death rates are still rising steeply, particularly in women, whereas rates for cancer of the stomach continue to decline. Text tables 1 and 2 present a comparison between cancer rates in the 1975 to 1979 period and rates in 1980 (the most recent year for which incidence data are available). Further reports similar to the current one are planned to reflect the changes that are taking place.

NOTES CONCERNING THE TABLES

The data are derived from two sources:

A. The National Cancer Incidence Reporting System which is based on notifications of newly diagnosed cancers from provincial cancer registries.(1) This system was established in 1969.

B. The National Mortality Data File which is based on reports from provincial vital statistics registration systems. This data series dates back to 1921.

The tables show:

The numbers - The average number of new cases or deaths per year in the period 1975-1979. The averages were rounded to the nearest whole number. Since the numbers shown in the **cancer incidence tables exclude Ontario**, whereas the mortality tables include Ontario, any comparisons between the two types of data should be based on the rates per 100,000 population, the rank order or the percentage distribution rather than on the numbers.

(1) The cancer incidence tables exclude data for Ontario because recent data are not available.

The percentages - The contribution that each cancer site makes to the total incidence or mortality in a given age group. The percentages were calculated from the average numbers (see above) prior to rounding. They will not add to 100% because only the ten leading cancers are shown.

The rates - The average annual number of new cases or deaths per 100,000 persons in a given age group. Population figures for 1977, the mid-year of the period, were used to calculate the rates.

HIGHLIGHTS

A. CANCER INCIDENCE, 1975-1979

(i) Ages 0-24

At very young ages relatively few cancers are diagnosed. For example, just over 1% of all new cancers occur in children from birth to 15 years. Of those that do occur, lymphoid leukaemia and cancers of the brain, bone and connective and other soft tissue predominate in both sexes.

Cancers in teenagers and young adults (15-24 years) account for 1.4% of all cancers. At these ages, Hodgkin's disease is the most commonly diagnosed cancer. Also, an increasing number of cancers of the reproductive organs start to occur. In young men, cancer of the testis ranks fourth between 15 and 19 years and becomes the second leading site after 20 years of age. In young women, cancer of the ovary is the second leading site from 15-19 years but after 20 years of age cancer of the cervix uteri starts to predominate.

(ii) Ages 25-44

Cancers in men and women between the ages of 25 and 44 account for 8% of all new cancers. In this age range cancers occur much more frequently in women than in men (18 cancers are diagnosed in women for every 10 cancers in men).

Hodgkin's disease, cancer of the testis and malignant melanoma of the skin are the leading sites in men between ages 25 and 34 but at the age of 35 lung cancer already takes the lead. In women, cancer of the cervix ranks first between the ages of 25 and 29 but starting at age 30 breast cancer is by far the most frequently diagnosed cancer, followed by cancer of the cervix. Cancer of the thyroid gland and malignant melanoma of the skin are also major cancer sites in women in this age range.

(iii) Ages 45-64

Cancers in this age group account for 35% of all cancers in men and 42% of all cancers in women. Lung cancer, which became the leading site in men after 35 years of age, predominates the incidence of cancers in men throughout this age range, accounting for at least 20% and as much as 27% of all new cancers. The other major cancers in men at these ages are cancer of the colon and bladder and, becoming prominent after the age of 55, cancer of the prostate.

In women, breast cancer consistently ranks first and accounts for a very large proportion of new cancers, ranging from 44% at ages 45-49 to 30% at ages 60-64. Between the ages of 40 and 49 cancer of the cervix and ovary are the other two leading sites. After the age of 50

cancer of the body of the uterus and colon increase in importance and rank in either second or third place up to the age of 74 years. Lung cancer consistently ranks fourth in women between the ages of 50 and 74.

(iv) Ages 65 and over

Cancers at age 65 and over account for 57% of all new cancers in men and for 45% of new cancers in women. In older men, starting at 70 years of age, cancer of the prostate is the leading site, followed by lung cancer and cancer of the colon. These three sites account for more than 50% of all new cancers in older men.

In women, cancer of the breast, colon and body of the uterus continue to be the leading sites up to age 74. After this, cancer of the uterus declines in relative importance and cancer of the rectum occurs more frequently.

(v) All Ages

The ten leading cancer sites for males and females of all ages are shown on page 15. In males, lung cancer is the leading site, accounting for one fifth of all new cancers. Also very prominent is cancer of the prostate which accounts for 16% of new cancers. Cancer of the colon ranks third in males and is responsible for 8% of new cancers.

In females, breast cancer predominates the incidence. It is responsible for close to 30% of all new cancers. Cancer of the colon (10.6% of new cancers) and cancer of the body of the uterus (7.6% of new cancers) rank second and third respectively.(1)

**B. COMPARISON OF CANCER MORTALITY WITH CANCER INCIDENCE IN THE PERIOD
1975-1979(2)**

On average, 17 new cases of cancer (excluding skin cancer other than malignant melanoma of the skin) are diagnosed for every ten deaths that occur but this ratio varies greatly with the cancer site. For cancers with relatively high survival the ratio is higher than average and these cancers account for a larger proportion of new cases than deaths and may therefore rank more highly in terms of cancer incidence. In this group are cancers of the breast, bladder, prostate

- (1) In 1980 lung cancer, for which incidence and death rates have been rising steeply, became the second leading cause of death in women and the third leading site in terms of cancer incidence (see text tables 1 and 2).
- (2) Comparisons of cancer mortality with incidence data are based on the rates per 100,000 population, the rank order and the percentage distributions. The numbers can not be used for this purpose since the mortality data are based on all of Canada whereas the incidence data exclude Ontario.

and body and cervix of the uterus. Conversely, cancers with low survival rates account for a larger proportion of deaths than new cases and may rank more highly in terms of deaths than cancer incidence. In this group are cancers of the lung, pancreas and stomach (see Text Table 3). Lung cancer, for example, ranks third in terms of cancer mortality in women but fourth in terms of cancer incidence.

TEXT TABLE 1. Cancer Incidence, Canada (excluding Ontario), 1975-1979 and 1980

All Ages

| ICD-9 | Cancer Site | 1980 | | 1975-1979 | | Percent change in rate |
|---------|----------------|------|---------|-----------|---------|------------------------|
| | | Rank | Rate(1) | Rank | Rate(1) | |
| Male | | | | | | |
| 152 | Lung | 1 | 62.2 | 1 | 56.7 | + 9.7 |
| 155 | Prostate | 2 | 50.1 | 2 | 45.1 | + 11.1 |
| 153 | Colon | 3 | 24.2 | 3 | 23.4 | + 3.4 |
| 188 | Bladder | 4 | 19.9 | 4 | 20.1 | - 1.0 |
| 154 | Rectum | 5 | 16.3 | 5 | 16.0 | + 1.9 |
| 151 | Stomach | 6 | 14.7 | 6 | 15.5 | - 5.2 |
| 157 | Pancreas | 7 | 8.6 | 7 | 7.9 | + 8.9 |
| 161 | Larynx | 8 | 8.1 | 10 | 6.8 | + 19.1 |
| 189 | Kidney | 9 | 7.7 | 8 | 7.6 | + 1.3 |
| 140 | Lip | 10 | 6.6 | 9 | 7.5 | - 12.0 |
| 140-208 | All cancers(2) | - | 296.4 | - | 278.2 | + 6.5 |
| Female | | | | | | |
| 174 | Breast | 1 | 74.1 | 1 | 74.1 | 0.0 |
| 153 | Colon | 2 | 28.9 | 2 | 27.1 | + 6.6 |
| 152 | Lung | 3 | 18.3 | 4 | 14.1 | + 29.8 |
| 162 | Body of uterus | 4 | 18.0 | 3 | 19.4 | - 7.2 |
| 161 | Ovary | 5 | 12.1 | 7 | 11.7 | + 3.4 |
| 154 | Rectum | 6 | 11.8 | 6 | 12.0 | - 1.7 |
| 160 | Cervix uteri | 7 | 11.5 | 5 | 12.6 | - 8.7 |
| 151 | Stomach | 8 | 7.9 | 8 | 8.2 | - 3.7 |
| 157 | Pancreas | 9 | 7.0 | 10 | 6.3 | + 11.1 |
| 188 | Bladder | 10 | 6.0 | 9 | 6.4 | - 6.3 |
| 140-208 | All cancers(2) | - | 263.8 | - | 256.0 | + 3.0 |

(1) Per 100,000 population.

(2) Excludes skin cancer other than malignant melanoma of the skin.

TABLE 2. Cancer Deaths, Canada, 1975-1979 and 1980

All Ages

| Cause | 1980 | | 1975-1979 | | Percent change in rate |
|------------------|------|---------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|
| | Rank | Rate(1) | Rank | Rate(1) | |
| Lung | 1 | 59.5 | 1 | 52.8 | + 12.7 |
| Prostate | 2 | 19.4 | 2 | 16.5 | + 17.6 |
| Colon | 3 | 15.0 | 3 | 14.1 | + 6.4 |
| Stomach | 4 | 11.7 | 4 | 12.8 | - 8.6 |
| Pancreas | 5 | 9.8 | 5 | 9.6 | + 2.1 |
| Site unspecified | 6 | 7.2 | 8 | 4.7 | + 53.2 |
| Rectum | 7 | 6.7 | 6 | 6.9 | - 2.9 |
| Bladder | 8 | 6.0 | 7 | 5.7 | + 5.3 |
| Brain | 9 | 5.5 | 9 | 4.0 | + 37.5 |
| Kidney | 10 | 4.2 | 10 | 4.0 | + 5.0 |
| 8 All cancers | - | 186.2 | - | 173.9 | + 7.1 |
| Breast | 1 | 28.8 | 1 | 27.8 | + 3.6 |
| Lung | 2 | 16.6 | 3 | 13.1 | + 26.7 |
| Colon | 3 | 16.5 | 2 | 15.9 | + 3.8 |
| Ovary | 4 | 8.4 | 4 | 8.4 | 0.0 |
| Pancreas | 5 | 7.9 | 5 | 7.5 | + 5.3 |
| Stomach | 6 | 6.6 | 6 | 7.1 | - 7.0 |
| Site unspecified | 7 | 6.5 | 8 | 4.3 | + 51.2 |
| Rectum | 8 | 5.0 | 7 | 4.9 | + 2.0 |
| Brain | 9 | 4.0 | 10 | 3.2 | + 25.0 |
| Cervix uteri | 10 | 3.6 | 9 | 4.2 | - 14.3 |
| 8 All cancers | - | 144.1 | - | 135.7 | + 6.2 |

per 100,000 population.

TEXT TABLE 3. Comparison of Cancer Incidence and Mortality, Canada(1) 1975-1979

| Cancer site | Percent of | | Rank | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|--------|
| | All new cases | All cancer deaths | New cases | Deaths |
| Males - All ages | | | | |
| Lung | 20.4 | 30.4 | 1 | 1 |
| Prostate | 16.2 | 9.5 | 2 | 2 |
| Colon | 8.4 | 8.1 | 3 | 3 |
| Bladder | 7.2 | 3.3 | 4 | 7 |
| Rectum | 5.7 | 3.9 | 5 | 6 |
| Stomach | 5.6 | 7.4 | 6 | 4 |
| Pancreas | 2.9 | 5.5 | 7 | 5 |
| Kidney | 2.7 | 2.3 | 8 | 10 |
| Lip | 2.7 | x | 9 | x |
| Larynx | 2.5 | x | 10 | x |
| All cancers(2) | 100.0 | 100.0 | - | - |
| Females - All ages | | | | |
| Breast | 28.9 | 20.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Colon | 10.6 | 11.7 | 2 | 2 |
| Body of uterus | 7.6 | x | 3 | x |
| Lung | 5.5 | 9.6 | 4 | 3 |
| Cervix uteri | 4.9 | 3.1 | 5 | 9 |
| Rectum | 4.7 | 3.6 | 6 | 7 |
| Ovary | 4.6 | 6.2 | 7 | 4 |
| Stomach | 3.2 | 5.2 | 8 | 6 |
| Bladder | 2.5 | x | 9 | x |
| Pancreas | 2.5 | 5.5 | 10 | 5 |
| All cancers(2) | 100.0 | 100.0 | - | - |

(1) For cancer incidence the percentages are based on Canada excluding Ontario.

(2) Excludes skin cancer other than malignant melanoma of the skin.

x - Site does not rank among the ten leading causes of cancer deaths.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

ALL AGES

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 4217 | 20.4 | 56.7 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 3355 | 16.2 | 45.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 1741 | 8.4 | 23.4 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 1494 | 7.2 | 20.1 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 1189 | 5.7 | 16.0 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 1150 | 5.6 | 15.5 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 591 | 2.9 | 7.9 |
| 8 | 189 | KIDNEY | 563 | 2.7 | 7.6 |
| 9 | 140 | LIP | 556 | 2.7 | 7.5 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 509 | 2.5 | 6.8 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 20685 | 100.0 | 278.2 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 5533 | 28.9 | 74.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 2022 | 10.6 | 27.1 |
| 3 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 1451 | 7.6 | 19.4 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 1055 | 5.5 | 14.1 |
| 5 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 941 | 4.9 | 12.6 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 898 | 4.7 | 12.0 |
| 7 | 183 | OVARY | 874 | 4.6 | 11.7 |
| 8 | 151 | STOMACH | 610 | 3.2 | 8.2 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 475 | 2.5 | 6.4 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 471 | 2.5 | 6.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 19118 | 100.0 | 256.0 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 0-4 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 28 | 27.0 | 4.8 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 14 | 13.1 | 2.4 |
| 3 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 12 | 11.0 | 2.1 |
| 4 | 189 | KIDNEY | 11 | 10.3 | 1.9 |
| 5 | 190 | EYE | 6 | 5.3 | 1.0 |
| 6 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 4 | 4.2 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 4 | 3.8 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 3.4 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 3 | 3.0 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 3 | 2.9 | 0.5 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 105 | 100.0 | 18.1 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 23 | 27.5 | 4.2 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 11 | 12.8 | 2.0 |
| 3 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 8 | 9.9 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 189 | KIDNEY | 7 | 8.9 | 1.3 |
| 5 | 190 | EYE | 6 | 7.0 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 4 | 5.1 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 4 | 4.6 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 3 | 3.6 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 2 | 2.7 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 2 | 2.4 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 83 | 100.0 | 15.0 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 5-9 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 17 | 26.3 | 2.8 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 15.5 | 1.6 |
| 3 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 5 | 8.4 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 6.5 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 4 | 5.9 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 4 | 5.6 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 189 | KIDNEY | 3 | 5.3 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 3 | 5.3 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 3 | 5.0 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 170 | BONE | 3 | 4.0 | 0.5 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 65 | 100.0 | 10.6 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 15 | 32.2 | 2.6 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 9 | 19.5 | 1.5 |
| 3 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 7.2 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 189 | KIDNEY | 3 | 5.5 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 2 | 5.1 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 170 | BONE | 2 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 2 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 2 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 190 | EYE | 1 | 2.5 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 1 | 2.5 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 47 | 100.0 | 8.1 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 10-14 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE (1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|----------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 191 | BRAIN | 14 | 20.4 | 1.9 |
| 2 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 9 | 13.3 | 1.2 |
| 3 | 170 | BONE | 9 | 13.0 | 1.2 |
| 4 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 7 | 10.6 | 1.0 |
| 5 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 5 | 7.4 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 6.5 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 3 | 5.0 | 0.4 |
| 8 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 2 | 3.5 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 2 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 2 | 2.7 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 68 | 100.0 | 9.3 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 18.2 | 1.4 |
| 2 | 170 | BONE | 8 | 13.3 | 1.1 |
| 3 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 7 | 11.9 | 1.0 |
| 4 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 5 | 8.0 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 7.3 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 4 | 7.3 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 4 | 6.6 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 2 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 2 | 3.5 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 2 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 57 | 100.0 | 8.1 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 15-19 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 19 | 16.3 | 2.4 |
| 2 | 170 | BONE | 14 | 12.7 | 1.8 |
| 3 | 191 | BRAIN | 13 | 11.6 | 1.6 |
| 4 | 186 | TESTIS | 12 | 10.2 | 1.5 |
| 5 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 11 | 9.3 | 1.4 |
| 6 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 9 | 8.3 | 1.1 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 5 | 4.2 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 3.7 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 4 | 3.3 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 3 | 3.0 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 114 | 100.0 | 14.4 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 21 | 20.5 | 2.8 |
| 2 | 183 | OVARY | 12 | 11.4 | 1.6 |
| 3 | 170 | BONE | 11 | 11.2 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 9 | 8.9 | 1.2 |
| 5 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 8 | 7.5 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 4 | 4.1 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 3 | 2.6 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 101 | 100.0 | 13.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 20-24 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 39 | 24.3 | 5.4 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTIS | 28 | 17.1 | 3.9 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 10 | 6.2 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 10 | 6.0 | 1.4 |
| 5 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 5.9 | 1.4 |
| 7 | 170 | BONE | 8 | 4.8 | 1.1 |
| 8 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 6 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 5 | 3.3 | 0.7 |
| 10 | 188 | BLADDER | 4 | 2.6 | 0.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 162 | 100.0 | 22.5 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 25 | 14.7 | 3.5 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 24 | 14.0 | 3.4 |
| 3 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 18 | 10.7 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 14 | 8.6 | 2.0 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 13 | 8.0 | 1.8 |
| 6 | 191 | BRAIN | 9 | 5.1 | 1.3 |
| 7 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 6 | 3.7 | 0.8 |
| 8 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 5 | 3.2 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 174 | BREAST | 5 | 3.1 | 0.7 |
| 10 | 170 | BONE | 5 | 2.9 | 0.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 168 | 100.0 | 23.6 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 25-29 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 38 | 18.8 | 5.8 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTIS | 33 | 16.2 | 5.1 |
| 3 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 18 | 9.0 | 2.8 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 15 | 7.3 | 2.3 |
| 5 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 10 | 4.8 | 1.5 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 8 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| 7 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 8 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| 8 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 8 | 3.8 | 1.2 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 7 | 3.5 | 1.1 |
| 10 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 6 | 2.9 | 0.9 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 202 | 100.0 | 31.0 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 62 | 22.0 | 9.7 |
| 2 | 174 | BREAST | 39 | 13.9 | 6.1 |
| 3 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 25 | 9.0 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 22 | 7.7 | 3.4 |
| 5 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 21 | 7.5 | 3.3 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 16 | 5.7 | 2.5 |
| 7 | 191 | BRAIN | 11 | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| 8 | 153 | COLON | 8 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| 9 | 184 | FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS, OTHER AND NOS | 6 | 2.2 | 0.9 |
| 10 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 6 | 2.0 | 0.9 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 282 | 100.0 | 44.0 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 30-34 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 186 | TESTIS | 33 | 13.4 | 5.9 |
| 2 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 24 | 9.7 | 4.3 |
| 3 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 22 | 8.8 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 16 | 6.6 | 2.8 |
| 5 | 153 | COLON | 14 | 5.5 | 2.5 |
| 6 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 13 | 5.1 | 2.3 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 10 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| 8 | 162 | LUNG | 10 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 9 | 3.7 | 1.6 |
| 10 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 9 | 3.6 | 1.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 247 | 100.0 | 43.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 123 | 28.0 | 22.4 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 85 | 19.3 | 15.5 |
| 3 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 34 | 7.6 | 6.2 |
| 4 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 29 | 6.5 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 25 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| 6 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 16 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 7 | 191 | BRAIN | 13 | 3.0 | 2.4 |
| 8 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 12 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| 9 | 153 | COLON | 11 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 7 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 441 | 100.0 | 80.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 35-39 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 25 | 8.4 | 5.7 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTIS | 24 | 8.2 | 5.5 |
| 3 | 191 | BRAIN | 22 | 7.5 | 5.0 |
| 4 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 20 | 6.8 | 4.5 |
| 5 | 153 | COLON | 19 | 6.3 | 4.3 |
| 6 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 16 | 5.5 | 3.6 |
| 7 | 188 | BLADDER | 15 | 5.1 | 3.4 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 15 | 4.9 | 3.4 |
| 9 | 151 | STOMACH | 14 | 4.6 | 3.2 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 12 | 3.9 | 2.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 296 | 100.0 | 67.2 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 207 | 37.5 | 48.3 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 83 | 14.9 | 19.4 |
| 3 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 26 | 4.8 | 6.1 |
| 4 | 183 | OVARY | 26 | 4.6 | 6.1 |
| 5 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 22 | 4.0 | 5.1 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 22 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| 7 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 18 | 3.3 | 4.2 |
| 8 | 191 | BRAIN | 15 | 2.7 | 3.5 |
| 9 | 162 | LUNG | 12 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 11 | 1.9 | 2.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 554 | 100.0 | 129.2 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 40-44 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE (1) |
|--------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|----------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 75 | 16.9 | 18.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 37 | 8.3 | 9.3 |
| 3 | 188 | BLADDER | 24 | 5.4 | 6.0 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 21 | 4.7 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 21 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| 6 | 191 | BRAIN | 20 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| 7 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 19 | 4.4 | 4.8 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 18 | 4.1 | 4.5 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 17 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| 10 | 186 | TESTIS | 17 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 444 | 100.0 | 111.2 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 376 | 43.9 | 96.4 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 83 | 9.7 | 21.3 |
| 3 | 183 | OVARY | 46 | 5.4 | 11.8 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 43 | 5.1 | 11.0 |
| 5 | 162 | LUNG | 35 | 4.1 | 9.0 |
| 6 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 35 | 4.1 | 9.0 |
| 7 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 27 | 3.2 | 6.9 |
| 8 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 24 | 2.8 | 6.2 |
| 9 | 154 | RECTUM | 21 | 2.5 | 5.4 |
| 10 | 191 | BRAIN | 15 | 1.8 | 3.8 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 857 | 100.0 | 219.6 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 45-49 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 177 | 21.1 | 44.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 63 | 7.5 | 15.9 |
| 3 | 188 | BLADDER | 56 | 6.6 | 14.2 |
| 4 | 154 | RECTUM | 54 | 6.4 | 13.7 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 40 | 4.8 | 10.1 |
| 6 | 189 | KIDNEY | 35 | 4.2 | 8.9 |
| 7 | 140 | LIP | 34 | 4.1 | 8.6 |
| 8 | 161 | LARYNX | 32 | 3.8 | 8.1 |
| 9 | 191 | BRAIN | 28 | 3.3 | 7.1 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 26 | 3.1 | 6.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 841 | 100.0 | 212.8 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 600 | 43.5 | 153.9 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 101 | 7.3 | 25.9 |
| 3 | 183 | OVARY | 88 | 6.4 | 22.6 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 81 | 5.8 | 20.8 |
| 5 | 162 | LUNG | 75 | 5.4 | 19.2 |
| 6 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 73 | 5.3 | 18.7 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 43 | 3.1 | 11.0 |
| 8 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 25 | 1.8 | 6.4 |
| 9 | 151 | STOMACH | 24 | 1.7 | 6.2 |
| 10 | 193 | THYROID GLAND | 21 | 1.6 | 5.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1379 | 100.0 | 353.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 50-54 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 370 | 25.0 | 100.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 114 | 7.7 | 31.0 |
| 3 | 188 | BLADDER | 102 | 6.9 | 27.7 |
| 4 | 154 | RECTUM | 93 | 6.3 | 25.3 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 81 | 5.5 | 22.0 |
| 6 | 185 | PROSTATE | 64 | 4.3 | 17.4 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 59 | 4.0 | 16.0 |
| 8 | 189 | KIDNEY | 54 | 3.6 | 14.7 |
| 9 | 140 | LIP | 49 | 3.3 | 13.3 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 41 | 2.8 | 11.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1481 | 100.0 | 402.7 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 692 | 37.4 | 179.9 |
| 2 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 181 | 9.8 | 47.0 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 137 | 7.4 | 35.6 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 119 | 6.4 | 30.9 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 105 | 5.7 | 27.3 |
| 6 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 97 | 5.3 | 25.2 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 68 | 3.7 | 17.7 |
| 8 | 151 | STOMACH | 31 | 1.7 | 8.1 |
| 9 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 30 | 1.6 | 7.8 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 28 | 1.5 | 7.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1850 | 100.0 | 480.9 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 55-59 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 565 | 27.1 | 174.2 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 171 | 8.2 | 52.7 |
| 3 | 185 | PROSTATE | 170 | 8.1 | 52.4 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 137 | 6.6 | 42.2 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 119 | 5.7 | 36.7 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 107 | 5.1 | 33.0 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 86 | 4.1 | 26.5 |
| 8 | 189 | KIDNEY | 71 | 3.4 | 21.9 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 66 | 3.2 | 20.4 |
| 10 | 140 | LIP | 65 | 3.1 | 20.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2089 | 100.0 | 644.2 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 727 | 31.7 | 207.9 |
| 2 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 299 | 13.0 | 85.5 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 188 | 8.2 | 53.8 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 156 | 6.8 | 44.6 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 126 | 5.5 | 36.0 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 101 | 4.4 | 28.9 |
| 7 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 92 | 4.0 | 26.3 |
| 8 | 151 | STOMACH | 45 | 2.0 | 12.9 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 42 | 1.8 | 12.0 |
| 10 | 188 | BLADDER | 39 | 1.7 | 11.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2295 | 100.0 | 656.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 60-64 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 744 | 26.5 | 266.5 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 353 | 12.5 | 126.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 217 | 7.7 | 77.7 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 195 | 6.9 | 69.8 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 184 | 6.5 | 65.9 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 153 | 5.4 | 54.8 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 96 | 3.4 | 34.4 |
| 8 | 189 | KIDNEY | 86 | 3.0 | 30.8 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 85 | 3.0 | 30.4 |
| 10 | 140 | LIP | 70 | 2.5 | 25.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2814 | 100.0 | 1007.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 730 | 29.5 | 239.7 |
| 2 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 286 | 11.5 | 93.9 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 233 | 9.4 | 76.5 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 180 | 7.3 | 59.1 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 123 | 5.0 | 40.4 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 109 | 4.4 | 35.8 |
| 7 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 92 | 3.7 | 30.2 |
| 8 | 151 | STOMACH | 66 | 2.6 | 21.7 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 60 | 2.4 | 19.7 |
| 10 | 188 | BLADDER | 59 | 2.4 | 19.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2476 | 100.0 | 812.9 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 65-69 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 791 | 24.1 | 351.7 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 559 | 17.0 | 248.6 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 280 | 8.5 | 124.5 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 250 | 7.6 | 111.2 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 195 | 5.9 | 86.7 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 188 | 5.7 | 83.6 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 96 | 2.9 | 42.7 |
| 8 | 140 | LIP | 89 | 2.7 | 39.6 |
| 9 | 161 | LARYNX | 85 | 2.6 | 37.8 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 84 | 2.6 | 37.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 3287 | 100.0 | 1461.5 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 675 | 27.5 | 268.3 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 284 | 11.6 | 112.9 |
| 3 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 212 | 8.6 | 84.3 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 170 | 6.9 | 67.6 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 130 | 5.3 | 51.7 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 110 | 4.5 | 43.7 |
| 7 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 84 | 3.4 | 33.4 |
| 8 | 151 | STOMACH | 82 | 3.4 | 32.6 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 69 | 2.8 | 27.4 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 68 | 2.8 | 27.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2460 | 100.0 | 977.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 70-74 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 702 | 21.9 | 439.8 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 688 | 21.4 | 431.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 288 | 9.0 | 180.5 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 259 | 8.1 | 162.3 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 189 | 5.9 | 118.4 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 187 | 5.8 | 117.2 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 98 | 3.1 | 61.4 |
| 8 | 140 | LIP | 79 | 2.5 | 49.5 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 73 | 2.3 | 45.7 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 67 | 2.1 | 42.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 3212 | 100.0 | 2012.5 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 518 | 24.3 | 274.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 301 | 14.1 | 159.3 |
| 3 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 141 | 6.6 | 74.6 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 138 | 6.5 | 73.0 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 130 | 6.1 | 68.8 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 99 | 4.6 | 52.4 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 85 | 4.0 | 45.0 |
| 8 | 183 | OVARY | 76 | 3.6 | 40.2 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 70 | 3.3 | 37.0 |
| 10 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 51 | 2.4 | 27.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2131 | 100.0 | 1127.5 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 75-79 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 647 | 25.8 | 651.6 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 441 | 17.6 | 444.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 240 | 9.6 | 241.7 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 192 | 7.7 | 193.4 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 171 | 6.8 | 172.2 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 141 | 5.6 | 142.0 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 76 | 3.0 | 76.5 |
| 8 | 140 | LIP | 58 | 2.3 | 58.4 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 55 | 2.2 | 55.4 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 36 | 1.4 | 36.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 2504 | 100.0 | 2521.7 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 381 | 21.8 | 285.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 296 | 16.9 | 222.1 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 112 | 6.4 | 84.0 |
| 4 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 108 | 6.2 | 81.0 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 96 | 5.5 | 72.0 |
| 6 | 162 | LUNG | 80 | 4.6 | 60.0 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 74 | 4.2 | 55.5 |
| 8 | 188 | BLADDER | 66 | 3.8 | 49.5 |
| 9 | 183 | OVARY | 56 | 3.2 | 42.0 |
| 10 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 41 | 2.4 | 30.8 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1746 | 100.0 | 1309.8 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 80-84 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|---|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 466 | 29.7 | 833.6 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 216 | 13.8 | 386.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 155 | 9.9 | 277.3 |
| 4 | 188 | BLADDER | 128 | 8.2 | 229.0 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 102 | 6.5 | 182.5 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 95 | 6.0 | 169.9 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 48 | 3.1 | 85.9 |
| 8 | 140 | LIP | 40 | 2.5 | 71.6 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 31 | 2.0 | 55.5 |
| 10 | 150 | OESOPHAGUS | 22 | 1.4 | 39.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1571 | 100.0 | 2810.4 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 249 | 20.6 | 292.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 227 | 18.8 | 266.7 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 82 | 6.7 | 96.4 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 69 | 5.7 | 81.1 |
| 5 | 188 | BLADDER | 53 | 4.4 | 62.3 |
| 6 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 51 | 4.2 | 59.9 |
| 7 | 162 | LUNG | 47 | 3.9 | 55.2 |
| 8 | 157 | PANCREAS | 45 | 3.7 | 52.9 |
| 9 | 183 | OVARY | 36 | 3.0 | 42.3 |
| 10 | 156 | GALLBLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS | 29 | 2.4 | 34.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1210 | 100.0 | 1421.9 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R I N C I D E N C E
CANADA (EXCLUDING ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 85 AND OVER

| RANK | ICD-9 | SITE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 371 | 31.3 | 907.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 131 | 11.1 | 320.3 |
| 3 | 188 | BLADDER | 114 | 9.6 | 278.7 |
| 4 | 162 | LUNG | 108 | 9.2 | 264.1 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 74 | 6.3 | 180.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 74 | 6.3 | 180.9 |
| 7 | 140 | LIP | 34 | 2.9 | 83.1 |
| 8 | 157 | PANCREAS | 34 | 2.9 | 83.1 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 19 | 1.6 | 46.5 |
| 10 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 19 | 1.6 | 46.5 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 1183 | 100.0 | 2892.4 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 208 | 21.2 | 315.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 183 | 18.7 | 277.7 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 68 | 6.9 | 103.2 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 66 | 6.8 | 100.2 |
| 5 | 188 | BLADDER | 49 | 5.0 | 74.4 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 46 | 4.7 | 69.8 |
| 7 | 162 | LUNG | 32 | 3.3 | 48.6 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 27 | 2.7 | 41.0 |
| 9 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 26 | 2.6 | 39.5 |
| 10 | 183 | OVARY | 24 | 2.5 | 36.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS(2) | 982 | 100.0 | 1490.1 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

(2) EXCLUDES SKIN CANCER OTHER THAN MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF THE SKIN

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

ALL AGES

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 6115 | 30.4 | 52.8 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 1907 | 9.5 | 16.5 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 1628 | 8.1 | 14.1 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 1480 | 7.4 | 12.8 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 1109 | 5.5 | 9.6 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 794 | 3.9 | 6.9 |
| 7 | 188 | BLADDER | 661 | 3.3 | 5.7 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 543 | 2.7 | 4.7 |
| 9 | 191 | BRAIN | 466 | 2.3 | 4.0 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 459 | 2.3 | 4.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 20129 | 100.0 | 173.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 3251 | 20.5 | 27.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 1859 | 11.7 | 15.9 |
| 3 | 162 | LUNG | 1526 | 9.6 | 13.1 |
| 4 | 183 | OVARY | 985 | 6.2 | 8.4 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 872 | 5.5 | 7.5 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 828 | 5.2 | 7.1 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 567 | 3.6 | 4.9 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 499 | 3.1 | 4.3 |
| 9 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 487 | 3.1 | 4.2 |
| 10 | 191 | BRAIN | 369 | 2.3 | 3.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 15856 | 100.0 | 135.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 0-4 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 9 | 16.3 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 8 | 15.2 | 0.9 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 8 | 14.8 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 7 | 13.6 | 0.8 |
| 5 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 5 | 9.8 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 189 | KIDNEY | 3 | 6.1 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 155 | LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 2 | 3.8 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 2 | 3.4 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 2 | 3.0 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 53 | 100.0 | 6.0 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 10 | 22.1 | 1.2 |
| 2 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 6 | 12.8 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 6 | 12.8 | 0.7 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 5 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 5 | 11.1 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 189 | KIDNEY | 3 | 6.2 | 0.4 |
| 7 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 2 | 5.3 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 155 | LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS | 2 | 4.0 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 1 | 2.7 | 0.1 |
| 10 | 170 | BONE | 1 | 2.2 | 0.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 45 | 100.0 | 5.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 5-9 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 22 | 32.9 | 2.3 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 11 | 16.2 | 1.2 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 10 | 15.0 | 1.1 |
| 4 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 4 | 5.9 | 0.4 |
| 5 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 4 | 5.6 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 5.6 | 0.4 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 3 | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 2 | 2.4 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 1 | 1.8 | 0.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 68 | 100.0 | 7.2 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 14 | 29.8 | 1.5 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 20.2 | 1.1 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 7 | 15.5 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 6.7 | 0.3 |
| 5 | 189 | KIDNEY | 3 | 5.9 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 3 | 5.5 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 194 | OTHER ENDOCRINE GLANDS | 1 | 2.9 | 0.1 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 1 | 2.5 | 0.1 |
| 9 | 170 | BONE | 1 | 2.1 | 0.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 48 | 100.0 | 5.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 10-14 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 12 | 21.6 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 9 | 16.4 | 0.8 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 7 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 7 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 170 | BONE | 5 | 9.1 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 3 | 5.9 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 3 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 3 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 57 | 100.0 | 5.0 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 8 | 20.3 | 0.7 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 8 | 18.8 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 6 | 14.4 | 0.6 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 5 | 12.9 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 170 | BONE | 4 | 9.4 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 2 | 4.5 | 0.2 |
| 7 | 183 | OVARY | 2 | 4.0 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 1 | 3.5 | 0.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 40 | 100.0 | 3.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 15-19 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 13 | 14.8 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 170 | BONE | 12 | 13.2 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 11 | 11.9 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 11.3 | 0.8 |
| 5 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 8 | 8.6 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 6 | 6.8 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 186 | TESTIS | 6 | 6.2 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 4.6 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 4 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 91 | 100.0 | 7.5 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 170 | BONE | 8 | 15.8 | 0.7 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 7 | 13.9 | 0.6 |
| 3 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 6 | 10.8 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 5 | 10.4 | 0.4 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 4 | 8.1 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 4 | 7.7 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 6.6 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 2 | 3.5 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 52 | 100.0 | 4.5 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 20-24 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 11 | 11.9 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTIS | 11 | 11.5 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 10 | 10.8 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 8 | 8.1 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 191 | BRAIN | 7 | 7.9 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 170 | BONE | 7 | 7.6 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 6 | 5.9 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 192 | OTHER PARTS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 94 | 100.0 | 8.6 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 7 | 12.0 | 0.6 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 7 | 11.0 | 0.6 |
| 3 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 5 | 7.8 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 170 | BONE | 5 | 7.5 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 4 | 7.1 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 3 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 183 | OVARY | 3 | 4.5 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 204 | LYMPHOID LEUKAEMIA | 2 | 3.9 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 2 | 3.6 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 62 | 100.0 | 5.6 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 25-29 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 186 | TESTIS | 13 | 11.5 | 1.3 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 10 | 9.5 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 10 | 9.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 9 | 8.4 | 0.9 |
| 5 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 7 | 6.8 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 6 | 5.9 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 6 | 5.3 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 4 | 3.5 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 109 | 100.0 | 10.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 11 | 13.1 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 10 | 11.1 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 191 | BRAIN | 8 | 9.0 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 7 | 7.8 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 5 | 6.2 | 0.5 |
| 6 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 5 | 5.5 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 153 | COLON | 4 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 4 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 183 | OVARY | 3 | 3.9 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 171 | CONNECTIVE AND OTHER SOFT TISSUE | 3 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 87 | 100.0 | 8.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 30-34 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 191 | BRAIN | 14 | 9.3 | 1.6 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 11 | 7.7 | 1.3 |
| 3 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 11 | 7.4 | 1.3 |
| 4 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 11 | 7.2 | 1.3 |
| 5 | 186 | TESTIS | 10 | 7.0 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 10 | 6.4 | 1.1 |
| 7 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 9 | 6.2 | 1.0 |
| 8 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 7 | 4.7 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 151 | STOMACH | 7 | 4.4 | 0.8 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 6 | 4.3 | 0.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 149 | 100.0 | 17.0 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 39 | 25.0 | 4.5 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 17 | 11.0 | 2.0 |
| 3 | 191 | BRAIN | 13 | 8.2 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 9 | 5.6 | 1.0 |
| 5 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 8 | 5.1 | 0.9 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 8 | 4.9 | 0.9 |
| 7 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 7 | 4.6 | 0.8 |
| 8 | 153 | COLON | 7 | 4.5 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 162 | LUNG | 5 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| 10 | 151 | STOMACH | 4 | 2.6 | 0.5 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 156 | 100.0 | 18.1 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 35-39 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 28 | 14.5 | 4.0 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 20 | 10.1 | 2.9 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 13 | 6.8 | 1.9 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 12 | 6.1 | 1.7 |
| 5 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 11 | 5.5 | 1.6 |
| 6 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 10 | 5.3 | 1.4 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 10 | 5.2 | 1.4 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOMA AND RETICULOSARCOMA | 9 | 4.7 | 1.3 |
| 9 | 201 | HODGKIN'S DISEASE | 8 | 3.9 | 1.2 |
| 10 | 208 | LEUKAEMIA OF UNSPECIFIED CELL TYPE | 7 | 3.5 | 1.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 193 | 100.0 | 27.8 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 81 | 31.4 | 11.9 |
| 2 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 23 | 9.0 | 3.4 |
| 3 | 162 | LUNG | 16 | 6.3 | 2.4 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 16 | 6.0 | 2.4 |
| 5 | 183 | OVARY | 13 | 5.2 | 1.9 |
| 6 | 191 | BRAIN | 13 | 5.2 | 1.9 |
| 7 | 151 | STOMACH | 12 | 4.5 | 1.8 |
| 8 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 10 | 3.9 | 1.5 |
| 9 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 8 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 6 | 2.2 | 0.9 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 259 | 100.0 | 38.2 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 40-44 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 91 | 26.0 | 14.2 |
| 2 | 191 | BRAIN | 24 | 6.9 | 3.8 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 24 | 6.8 | 3.8 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 24 | 6.7 | 3.8 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 17 | 4.9 | 2.7 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 14 | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| 7 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 12 | 3.4 | 1.9 |
| 8 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 12 | 3.3 | 1.9 |
| 9 | 202 | OTHER OF LYMPHOID AND HISTIOCYTIC TISSUE | 11 | 3.1 | 1.7 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 10 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 351 | 100.0 | 54.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 142 | 33.9 | 22.8 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 42 | 10.0 | 6.7 |
| 3 | 183 | OVARY | 28 | 6.6 | 4.5 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 26 | 6.3 | 4.2 |
| 5 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 25 | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 15 | 3.7 | 2.4 |
| 7 | 191 | BRAIN | 13 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| 8 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 13 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 11 | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| 10 | 172 | MALIGNANT MELANOMA OF SKIN | 10 | 2.4 | 1.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 419 | 100.0 | 67.2 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)

NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 45-49 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 218 | 30.6 | 34.3 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 53 | 7.5 | 8.4 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 46 | 6.5 | 7.2 |
| 4 | 191 | BRAIN | 42 | 5.9 | 6.6 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 39 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 30 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| 7 | 189 | KIDNEY | 27 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 18 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| 9 | 205 | MYELOID LEUKAEMIA | 17 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
| 10 | 150 | OESOPHAGUS | 17 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 713 | 100.0 | 112.3 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 261 | 32.9 | 41.9 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 90 | 11.3 | 14.5 |
| 3 | 183 | OVARY | 75 | 9.5 | 12.1 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 56 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 5 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 46 | 5.7 | 7.4 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 28 | 3.6 | 4.5 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 25 | 3.1 | 4.0 |
| 8 | 191 | BRAIN | 23 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| 9 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 17 | 2.2 | 2.7 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 15 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 794 | 100.0 | 127.6 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(A N N U A L A V E R A G E)

A G E G R O U P 5 0 - 5 4 Y E A R S

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 485 | 36.7 | 81.5 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 92 | 6.9 | 15.5 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 85 | 6.4 | 14.3 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 77 | 5.8 | 12.9 |
| 5 | 191 | BRAIN | 58 | 4.4 | 9.7 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 48 | 3.6 | 8.1 |
| 7 | 189 | KIDNEY | 40 | 3.0 | 6.7 |
| 8 | 150 | OE SOPHAGUS | 38 | 2.9 | 6.4 |
| 9 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 36 | 2.7 | 6.0 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 28 | 2.1 | 4.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1322 | 100.0 | 222.1 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 392 | 31.9 | 63.1 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 165 | 13.4 | 26.6 |
| 3 | 183 | OVARY | 103 | 8.3 | 16.6 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 98 | 8.0 | 15.8 |
| 5 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 51 | 4.1 | 8.2 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 45 | 3.7 | 7.2 |
| 7 | 151 | STOMACH | 34 | 2.7 | 5.5 |
| 8 | 191 | BRAIN | 32 | 2.6 | 5.1 |
| 9 | 154 | RECTUM | 32 | 2.6 | 5.1 |
| 10 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 29 | 2.4 | 4.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1230 | 100.0 | 197.9 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(A N N U A L A V E R A G E)

A G E G R O U P 5 5 - 5 9 Y E A R S

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 752 | 38.9 | 146.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 140 | 7.2 | 27.3 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 127 | 6.6 | 24.8 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 116 | 6.0 | 22.6 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 72 | 3.7 | 14.0 |
| 6 | 185 | PROSTATE | 59 | 3.0 | 11.5 |
| 7 | 191 | BRAIN | 55 | 2.8 | 10.7 |
| 8 | 189 | KIDNEY | 53 | 2.8 | 10.3 |
| 9 | 150 | OESOPHAGUS | 53 | 2.7 | 10.3 |
| 10 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 51 | 2.6 | 9.9 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1935 | 100.0 | 377.3 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 433 | 27.2 | 78.4 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 207 | 13.0 | 37.5 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 146 | 9.1 | 26.4 |
| 4 | 183 | OVARY | 135 | 8.4 | 24.5 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 70 | 4.4 | 12.7 |
| 6 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 57 | 3.6 | 10.3 |
| 7 | 151 | STOMACH | 53 | 3.3 | 9.6 |
| 8 | 154 | RECTUM | 44 | 2.8 | 8.0 |
| 9 | 191 | BRAIN | 44 | 2.8 | 8.0 |
| 10 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 43 | 2.7 | 7.8 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1593 | 100.0 | 288.6 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 60-64 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 988 | 37.8 | 226.2 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 195 | 7.5 | 44.7 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 182 | 7.0 | 41.7 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 155 | 6.0 | 35.5 |
| 5 | 185 | PROSTATE | 129 | 4.9 | 29.5 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 92 | 3.5 | 21.1 |
| 7 | 150 | OESOPHAGUS | 69 | 2.7 | 15.8 |
| 8 | 191 | BRAIN | 67 | 2.6 | 15.3 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 66 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| 10 | 188 | BLADDER | 66 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 2611 | 100.0 | 597.9 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 432 | 22.7 | 90.9 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 246 | 13.0 | 51.8 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 203 | 10.7 | 42.7 |
| 4 | 183 | OVARY | 138 | 7.3 | 29.0 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 102 | 5.3 | 21.5 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 72 | 3.8 | 15.1 |
| 7 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 59 | 3.1 | 12.4 |
| 8 | 154 | RECTUM | 57 | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| 9 | 191 | BRAIN | 55 | 2.9 | 11.6 |
| 10 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 51 | 2.7 | 10.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1900 | 100.0 | 399.7 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 65-69 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 1129 | 36.3 | 321.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 253 | 8.1 | 72.1 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 232 | 7.5 | 66.1 |
| 4 | 185 | PROSTATE | 217 | 7.0 | 61.9 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 189 | 6.1 | 53.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 112 | 3.6 | 31.9 |
| 7 | 188 | BLADDER | 97 | 3.1 | 27.7 |
| 8 | 150 | OE SOPHAGUS | 80 | 2.6 | 22.8 |
| 9 | 189 | KIDNEY | 77 | 2.5 | 21.9 |
| 10 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 74 | 2.4 | 21.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 3113 | 100.0 | 887.4 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 403 | 19.4 | 101.4 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 244 | 11.8 | 61.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 229 | 11.0 | 57.6 |
| 4 | 183 | O VARY | 146 | 7.0 | 36.7 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 129 | 6.2 | 32.5 |
| 6 | 151 | STOMACH | 97 | 4.7 | 24.4 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 73 | 3.5 | 18.4 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 64 | 3.1 | 16.1 |
| 9 | 180 | CERVIX UTERI | 56 | 2.7 | 14.1 |
| 10 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 53 | 2.5 | 13.3 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 2075 | 100.0 | 522.1 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 70-74 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|---|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 1058 | 33.1 | 427.1 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 347 | 10.9 | 140.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 270 | 8.4 | 109.0 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 247 | 7.7 | 99.7 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 188 | 5.9 | 75.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 127 | 4.0 | 51.3 |
| 7 | 188 | BLADDER | 111 | 3.5 | 44.8 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 90 | 2.8 | 36.3 |
| 9 | 150 | ESOPHAGUS | 67 | 2.1 | 27.0 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 66 | 2.1 | 26.6 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 3197 | 100.0 | 1290.7 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | BREAST | 337 | 16.3 | 111.0 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 276 | 13.3 | 90.9 |
| 3 | 162 | LUNG | 202 | 9.8 | 66.5 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 147 | 7.1 | 48.4 |
| 5 | 151 | STOMACH | 132 | 6.4 | 43.5 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 119 | 5.8 | 39.2 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 79 | 3.8 | 26.0 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 68 | 3.3 | 22.4 |
| 9 | 156 | GALLBLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS | 55 | 2.6 | 18.1 |
| 10 | 182 | BODY OF UTERUS | 50 | 2.4 | 16.5 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 2072 | 100.0 | 682.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 75-79 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|---|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 744 | 27.5 | 477.2 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 386 | 14.3 | 247.6 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 248 | 9.2 | 159.1 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 228 | 8.4 | 146.2 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 145 | 5.4 | 93.0 |
| 6 | 188 | BLADDER | 126 | 4.7 | 80.8 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 107 | 3.9 | 68.6 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 83 | 3.1 | 53.2 |
| 9 | 150 | OE SOPHAGUS | 59 | 2.2 | 37.8 |
| 10 | 189 | KIDNEY | 52 | 1.9 | 33.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 2703 | 100.0 | 1733.8 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 280 | 14.8 | 128.4 |
| 2 | 174 | BREAST | 275 | 14.5 | 126.1 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 138 | 7.3 | 63.3 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 136 | 7.2 | 62.4 |
| 5 | 162 | LUNG | 135 | 7.1 | 61.9 |
| 6 | 183 | OVARY | 96 | 5.1 | 44.0 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 78 | 4.1 | 35.8 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 71 | 3.7 | 32.6 |
| 9 | 156 | GALLBLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS | 53 | 2.8 | 24.3 |
| 10 | 159 | OTHER AND ILL-DEFINED SITES | 51 | 2.7 | 23.4 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1896 | 100.0 | 869.3 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 80-84 YEARS

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | LUNG | 399 | 21.5 | 463.4 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 374 | 20.1 | 434.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 170 | 9.2 | 197.4 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 156 | 8.4 | 181.2 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 96 | 5.1 | 111.5 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 95 | 5.1 | 110.3 |
| 7 | 188 | BLADDER | 91 | 4.9 | 105.7 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 54 | 2.9 | 62.7 |
| 9 | 150 | ESOPHAGUS | 35 | 1.9 | 40.7 |
| 10 | 159 | OTHER AND ILL-DEFINED SITES | 35 | 1.9 | 40.7 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1857 | 100.0 | 2156.8 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 251 | 15.8 | 178.9 |
| 2 | 174 | BREAST | 220 | 13.8 | 156.8 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 118 | 7.4 | 84.1 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 102 | 6.4 | 72.7 |
| 5 | 162 | LUNG | 96 | 6.0 | 68.4 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 81 | 5.1 | 57.7 |
| 7 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 70 | 4.4 | 49.9 |
| 8 | 183 | OVARY | 66 | 4.1 | 47.0 |
| 9 | 159 | OTHER AND ILL-DEFINED SITES | 54 | 3.4 | 38.5 |
| 10 | 188 | BLADDER | 52 | 3.3 | 37.1 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1591 | 100.0 | 1134.0 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

C A N C E R D E A T H S
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(ANNUAL AVERAGE)

AGE GROUP 85 AND OVER

| RANK | ICD-9 | CAUSE | NUMBER | PERCENT | RATE(1) |
|--------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| MALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 369 | 24.4 | 608.9 |
| 2 | 162 | LUNG | 205 | 13.5 | 338.3 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 150 | 9.9 | 247.5 |
| 4 | 151 | STOMACH | 129 | 8.5 | 212.9 |
| 5 | 188 | BLADDER | 94 | 6.2 | 155.1 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 82 | 5.4 | 135.3 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 70 | 4.7 | 115.5 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 47 | 3.1 | 77.6 |
| 9 | 159 | OTHER AND ILL-DEFINED SITES | 33 | 2.2 | 54.5 |
| 10 | 150 | OESOPHAGUS | 31 | 2.0 | 51.2 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1512 | 100.0 | 2495.0 |
| FEMALE | | | | | |
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 267 | 17.4 | 244.5 |
| 2 | 174 | BREAST | 223 | 14.5 | 204.2 |
| 3 | 151 | STOMACH | 121 | 7.9 | 110.8 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 97 | 6.3 | 88.8 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 90 | 5.9 | 82.4 |
| 6 | 162 | LUNG | 74 | 4.8 | 67.8 |
| 7 | 159 | OTHER AND ILL-DEFINED SITES | 66 | 4.3 | 60.4 |
| 8 | 199 | SITE UNSPECIFIED | 65 | 4.2 | 59.5 |
| 9 | 188 | BLADDER | 55 | 3.6 | 50.4 |
| 10 | 183 | OVARY | 47 | 3.0 | 43.0 |
| | 140-208 | ALL CANCERS | 1538 | 100.0 | 1408.4 |

(1) PER 100,000 POPULATION (1977)
NOTE: PLEASE SEE NOTE CONCERNING ROUNDING OF NUMBERS ON PAGE 6.

D E C E S D U S A U C A N C E R
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 85 ANS ET PLUS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 369 | 24.4 | 608.9 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 205 | 13.5 | 338.3 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 150 | 9.9 | 247.5 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 129 | 8.5 | 212.9 |
| 5 | 188 | VESSIE | 94 | 6.2 | 155.1 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 82 | 5.4 | 135.3 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 70 | 4.7 | 115.5 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 47 | 3.1 | 77.6 |
| 9 | 159 | SIEGES AUTRES OU NON PRECISES | 33 | 2.2 | 54.5 |
| 10 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 31 | 2.0 | 51.2 |
| 140-208 TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 1512 | 100.0 | 2495.0 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 267 | 17.4 | 244.5 |
| 2 | 174 | SEIN | 223 | 14.5 | 204.2 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 121 | 7.9 | 110.8 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 97 | 6.3 | 88.8 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 90 | 5.9 | 82.4 |
| 6 | 162 | POUMON | 74 | 4.8 | 67.8 |
| 7 | 159 | SIEGES AUTRES OU NON PRECISES | 66 | 4.3 | 60.4 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 65 | 4.2 | 59.5 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 55 | 3.6 | 50.4 |
| 10 | 183 | OVAIRE | 47 | 3.0 | 43.0 |
| 140-208 TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 1538 | 100.0 | 1408.4 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 80-84 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 399 | 21.5 | 463.4 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 374 | 20.1 | 434.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 170 | 9.2 | 197.4 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 156 | 8.4 | 181.2 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 96 | 5.1 | 111.5 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 95 | 5.1 | 110.3 |
| 7 | 188 | VESSIE | 91 | 4.9 | 105.7 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 54 | 2.9 | 62.7 |
| 9 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 35 | 1.9 | 40.7 |
| 10 | 159 | SIEGES AUTRES OU NON PRECISES | 35 | 1.9 | 40.7 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 1857 | 100.0 | 2156.8 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 251 | 15.8 | 178.9 |
| 2 | 174 | SEIN | 220 | 13.8 | 156.8 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 118 | 7.4 | 84.1 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 102 | 6.4 | 72.7 |
| 5 | 162 | POUMON | 96 | 6.0 | 68.4 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 81 | 5.1 | 57.7 |
| 7 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 70 | 4.4 | 49.9 |
| 8 | 183 | OVAIRE | 66 | 4.1 | 47.0 |
| 9 | 159 | SIEGES AUTRES OU NON PRECISES | 54 | 3.4 | 38.5 |
| 10 | 188 | VESSIE | 52 | 3.3 | 37.1 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 1591 | 100.0 | 1134.0 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 75-79 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 744 | 27.5 | 477.2 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 386 | 14.3 | 247.6 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 248 | 9.2 | 159.1 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 228 | 8.4 | 146.2 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 145 | 5.4 | 93.0 |
| 6 | 188 | VESSIE | 126 | 4.7 | 80.8 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 107 | 3.9 | 68.6 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 83 | 3.1 | 53.2 |
| 9 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 59 | 2.2 | 37.8 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 52 | 1.9 | 33.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 2703 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 1733.8 | | | | | |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 153 | COLON | 280 | 14.8 | 128.4 |
| 2 | 174 | SEIN | 275 | 14.5 | 126.1 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 138 | 7.3 | 63.3 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 136 | 7.2 | 62.4 |
| 5 | 162 | POUMON | 135 | 7.1 | 61.9 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 96 | 5.1 | 44.0 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 78 | 4.1 | 35.8 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 71 | 3.7 | 32.6 |
| 9 | 156 | VESICULE ET VOIES BILIAIRES | 53 | 2.8 | 24.3 |
| 10 | 159 | SIEGES AUTRES OU NON PRECISES | 51 | 2.7 | 23.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 1896 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 869.3 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES AU CANCER CANADA 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 70-74 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 1058 | 33.1 | 427.1 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 347 | 10.9 | 140.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 270 | 8.4 | 109.0 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 247 | 7.7 | 99.7 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 188 | 5.9 | 75.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 127 | 4.0 | 51.3 |
| 7 | 188 | VESSIE | 111 | 3.5 | 44.8 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 90 | 2.8 | 36.3 |
| 9 | 150 | DESOPHAGE | 67 | 2.1 | 27.0 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 66 | 2.1 | 26.6 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 3197 | 100.0 | 1290.7 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|------------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 337 | 16.3 | 111.0 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 276 | 13.3 | 90.9 |
| 3 | 162 | POUMON | 202 | 9.8 | 66.5 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 147 | 7.1 | 48.4 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 132 | 6.4 | 43.5 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 119 | 5.8 | 39.2 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 79 | 3.8 | 26.0 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 68 | 3.3 | 22.4 |
| 9 | 156 | VESSICULE ET VOIES BILIAIRES | 55 | 2.6 | 18.1 |
| 10 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 50 | 2.4 | 16.5 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 2072 | 100.0 | 682.3 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 65-69 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|------|------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 1129 | 36.3 | 321.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 253 | 8.1 | 72.1 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 232 | 7.5 | 66.1 |
| 4 | 185 | PROSTATE | 217 | 7.0 | 61.9 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 189 | 6.1 | 53.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 112 | 3.6 | 31.9 |
| 7 | 188 | VESSIE | 97 | 3.1 | 27.7 |
| 8 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 80 | 2.6 | 22.8 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 77 | 2.5 | 21.9 |
| 10 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 74 | 2.4 | 21.1 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 3113 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 887.4 | | | | | |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 403 | 19.4 | 101.4 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 244 | 11.8 | 61.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 229 | 11.0 | 57.6 |
| 4 | 183 | OVAIRE | 146 | 7.0 | 36.7 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 129 | 6.2 | 32.5 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 97 | 4.7 | 24.4 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 73 | 3.5 | 18.4 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 64 | 3.1 | 16.1 |
| 9 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 56 | 2.7 | 14.1 |
| 10 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 53 | 2.5 | 13.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 2075 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 522.1 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER CANADA 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 60-64 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 988 | 37.8 | 226.2 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 195 | 7.5 | 44.7 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 182 | 7.0 | 41.7 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 155 | 6.0 | 35.5 |
| 5 | 185 | PROSTATE | 129 | 4.9 | 29.5 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 92 | 3.5 | 21.1 |
| 7 | 150 | DESOPHAGE | 69 | 2.7 | 15.8 |
| 8 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 67 | 2.6 | 15.3 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 66 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| 10 | 188 | VESSIE | 66 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 2611 | 100.0 | 597.9 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 432 | 22.7 | 90.9 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 246 | 13.0 | 51.8 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 203 | 10.7 | 42.7 |
| 4 | 183 | OVAIRE | 138 | 7.3 | 29.0 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 102 | 5.3 | 21.5 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 72 | 3.8 | 15.1 |
| 7 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 59 | 3.1 | 12.4 |
| 8 | 154 | RECTUM | 57 | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| 9 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 55 | 2.9 | 11.6 |
| 10 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 51 | 2.7 | 10.7 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 1900 | 100.0 | 399.7 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

D E C E S D U S A U C A N C E R
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 55-59 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

| MASCULIN | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 752 | 38.9 | 146.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 140 | 7.2 | 27.3 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 127 | 6.6 | 24.8 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 116 | 6.0 | 22.6 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 72 | 3.7 | 14.0 |
| 6 | 185 | PROSTATE | 59 | 3.0 | 11.5 |
| 7 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 55 | 2.8 | 10.7 |
| 8 | 189 | REIN | 53 | 2.8 | 10.3 |
| 9 | 150 | DESOPHAGE | 53 | 2.7 | 10.3 |
| 10 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 51 | 2.6 | 9.9 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 1935 100.0 377.3 | | | | | |

| FEMININ | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 433 | 27.2 | 78.4 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 207 | 13.0 | 37.5 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 146 | 9.1 | 26.4 |
| 4 | 183 | OVAIRE | 135 | 8.4 | 24.5 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 70 | 4.4 | 12.7 |
| 6 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 57 | 3.6 | 10.3 |
| 7 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 53 | 3.3 | 9.6 |
| 8 | 154 | RECTUM | 44 | 2.8 | 8.0 |
| 9 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 44 | 2.8 | 8.0 |
| 10 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 43 | 2.7 | 7.8 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 1593 100.0 288.6 | | | | | |

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 50-54 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 485 | 36.7 | 81.5 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 92 | 6.9 | 15.5 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 85 | 6.4 | 14.3 |
| 4 | 157 | PANCREAS | 77 | 5.8 | 12.9 |
| 5 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 58 | 4.4 | 9.7 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 48 | 3.6 | 8.1 |
| 7 | 189 | REIN | 40 | 3.0 | 6.7 |
| 8 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 38 | 2.9 | 6.4 |
| 9 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 36 | 2.7 | 6.0 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 28 | 2.1 | 4.7 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 1322 | 100.0 | 222.1 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 392 | 31.9 | 63.1 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 165 | 13.4 | 26.6 |
| 3 | 183 | OVAIRE | 103 | 8.3 | 16.6 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 98 | 8.0 | 15.8 |
| 5 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 51 | 4.1 | 8.2 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 45 | 3.7 | 7.2 |
| 7 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 34 | 2.7 | 5.5 |
| 8 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 32 | 2.6 | 5.1 |
| 9 | 154 | RECTUM | 32 | 2.6 | 5.1 |
| 10 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 29 | 2.4 | 4.7 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 1230 | 100.0 | 197.9 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

D E C E S D U S A U C A N C E R
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(M O Y E N N E A N N U E L L E)

G R O U P E D ' A G E 4 5 - 4 9 A N S

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

| MASCULIN | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 218 | 30.6 | 34.3 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 53 | 7.5 | 8.4 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 46 | 6.5 | 7.2 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 42 | 5.9 | 6.6 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 39 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 30 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| 7 | 189 | REIN | 27 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 18 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| 9 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 17 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
| 10 | 150 | OESOPHAGE | 17 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| Tous les cancers | | | | | |
| | | | 713 | 100.0 | 112.3 |

| FEMININ | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 261 | 32.9 | 41.9 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 90 | 11.3 | 14.5 |
| 3 | 183 | OVAIRE | 75 | 9.5 | 12.1 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 56 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 5 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 46 | 5.7 | 7.4 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 28 | 3.6 | 4.5 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 25 | 3.1 | 4.0 |
| 8 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 23 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| 9 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 17 | 2.2 | 2.7 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 15 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| Tous les cancers | | | | | |
| | | | 794 | 100.0 | 127.6 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 40-44 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|------------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 91 | 26.0 | 14.2 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 24 | 6.9 | 3.8 |
| 3 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 24 | 6.8 | 3.8 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 24 | 6.7 | 3.8 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 17 | 4.9 | 2.7 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 14 | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 12 | 3.4 | 1.9 |
| 8 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 12 | 3.3 | 1.9 |
| 9 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 11 | 3.1 | 1.7 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 10 | 2.8 | 1.6 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 351 | 100.0 | 54.9 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|---------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 142 | 33.9 | 22.8 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 42 | 10.0 | 6.7 |
| 3 | 183 | OVAIRE | 28 | 6.6 | 4.5 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 26 | 6.3 | 4.2 |
| 5 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 25 | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 15 | 3.7 | 2.4 |
| 7 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 13 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| 8 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 13 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 11 | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| 10 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 10 | 2.4 | 1.6 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 419 | 100.0 | 67.2 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 35-39 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

| MASCULIN | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 28 | 14.5 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 20 | 10.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 13 | 6.8 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 12 | 6.1 |
| 5 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 11 | 5.5 |
| 6 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 10 | 5.3 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 10 | 5.2 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 9 | 4.7 |
| 9 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 8 | 3.9 |
| 10 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 7 | 3.5 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | |
| 193 100.0 27.8 | | | | |

| FEMININ | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|---------------------------|----|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 81 | 31.4 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 23 | 9.0 |
| 3 | 162 | POUMON | 16 | 6.3 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 16 | 6.0 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 13 | 5.2 |
| 6 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 13 | 5.2 |
| 7 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 12 | 4.5 |
| 8 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 10 | 3.9 |
| 9 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 8 | 3.1 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 6 | 2.2 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | |
| 259 100.0 38.2 | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 30-34 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 14 | 9.3 | 1.6 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 11 | 7.7 | 1.3 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 11 | 7.4 | 1.3 |
| 4 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 11 | 7.2 | 1.3 |
| 5 | 186 | TESTICULE | 10 | 7.0 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 10 | 6.4 | 1.1 |
| 7 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 9 | 6.2 | 1.0 |
| 8 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 7 | 4.7 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 7 | 4.4 | 0.8 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 6 | 4.3 | 0.7 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 149 | 100.0 | 17.0 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 39 | 25.0 | 4.5 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 17 | 11.0 | 2.0 |
| 3 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 13 | 8.2 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 9 | 5.6 | 1.0 |
| 5 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 8 | 5.1 | 0.9 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 8 | 4.9 | 0.9 |
| 7 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 7 | 4.6 | 0.8 |
| 8 | 153 | COLON | 7 | 4.5 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 162 | POUMON | 5 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| 10 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 4 | 2.6 | 0.5 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 156 | 100.0 | 18.1 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES DUS AU CANCER
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 25-29 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 186 | TESTICULE | 13 | 11.5 | 1.3 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 9.5 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 10 | 9.0 | 1.0 |
| 4 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 9 | 8.4 | 0.9 |
| 5 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 7 | 6.8 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 6 | 5.9 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 6 | 5.3 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 3.5 | 0.4 |
| 140-208 | | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 109 | 100.0 | 10.9 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----|--|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 11 | 13.1 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 10 | 11.1 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 8 | 9.0 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 7 | 7.8 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 5 | 6.2 | 0.5 |
| 6 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 5 | 5.5 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 153 | COLON | 4 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 183 | OVAIRE | 3 | 3.9 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 140-208 | | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 87 | 100.0 | 8.7 |

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 20-24 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 11 | 11.9 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTICULE | 11 | 11.5 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 10 | 10.8 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 8 | 8.1 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 7 | 7.9 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 170 | OS | 7 | 7.6 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 6 | 5.9 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| 9 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 4 | 3.8 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 94 | 100.0 | 8.6 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 7 | 12.0 | 0.6 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 7 | 11.0 | 0.6 |
| 3 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 5 | 7.8 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 170 | OS | 5 | 7.5 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 4 | 7.1 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 3 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 183 | OVAIRE | 3 | 4.5 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 2 | 3.9 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 2 | 3.6 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 62 | 100.0 | 5.6 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

D E C E S D U S A U C A N C E R

C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9

(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 15-19 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|--|----|-------|-----|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 13 | 14.8 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 170 | OS | 12 | 13.2 | 1.0 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 11 | 11.9 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 11.3 | 0.8 |
| 5 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 8 | 8.6 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 6 | 6.8 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 186 | TESTICULE | 6 | 6.2 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 4.6 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 4 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| | | | 91 | 100.0 | 7.5 |
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 170 | OS | 8 | 15.8 | 0.7 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 7 | 13.9 | 0.6 |
| 3 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 6 | 10.8 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 5 | 10.4 | 0.4 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 4 | 8.1 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 4 | 7.7 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 6.6 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 2 | 3.5 | 0.2 |
| | | | 52 | 100.0 | 4.5 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
 NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GRUPE D'AGE 10-14 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|--|----|------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 12 | 21.6 | 1.1 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 9 | 16.4 | 0.8 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 7 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 7 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 170 | OS | 5 | 9.1 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 3 | 5.9 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 3 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 3 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 57 100.0 5.0 | | | | | |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|--|---|------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 8 | 20.3 | 0.7 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 8 | 18.8 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 6 | 14.4 | 0.6 |
| 4 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 5 | 12.9 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 170 | OS | 4 | 9.4 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 2 | 4.5 | 0.2 |
| 7 | 183 | OVAIRE | 2 | 4.0 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 1 | 3.5 | 0.1 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 40 100.0 3.7 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

D E C E S D U S A U C A N C E R
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 5-9 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

| MASCULIN | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|--|----|------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 22 | 32.9 | 2.3 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 11 | 16.2 | 1.2 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 10 | 15.0 | 1.1 |
| 4 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 4 | 5.9 | 0.4 |
| 5 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 4 | 5.6 | 0.4 |
| 6 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 5.6 | 0.4 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 3 | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 2 | 2.4 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 194 | AUTRES GLANDES ENDOCRINES | 1 | 1.8 | 0.1 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 68 100.0 7.2 | | | | | |

| FEMININ | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|--|----|------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 14 | 29.8 | 1.5 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 20.2 | 1.1 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 7 | 15.5 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 6.7 | 0.3 |
| 5 | 189 | REIN | 3 | 5.9 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 3 | 5.5 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 194 | AUTRES GLANDES ENDOCRINES | 1 | 2.9 | 0.1 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 1 | 2.5 | 0.1 |
| 9 | 170 | OS | 1 | 2.1 | 0.1 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS | | | | | |
| 48 100.0 5.3 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

DECES AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GRUPE D'AGE 0-4 ANS

RANG CIM-9 CAUSE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|---|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 9 | 16.3 | 1.0 |
| 2 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 8 | 15.2 | 0.9 |
| 3 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 8 | 14.8 | 0.9 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 7 | 13.6 | 0.8 |
| 5 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 5 | 9.8 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 189 | REIN | 3 | 6.1 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 155 | FOIE ET VOIES BILIAIRES INTRAHEPATIQUES | 2 | 4.2 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 2 | 3.8 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 2 | 3.4 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 2 | 3.0 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS | 53 | 100.0 | 0.6 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|---|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 10 | 22.1 | 1.2 |
| 2 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 6 | 12.8 | 0.7 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 6 | 12.8 | 0.7 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 5 | 11.5 | 0.6 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 5 | 11.1 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 189 | REIN | 3 | 6.2 | 0.4 |
| 7 | 194 | AUTRES GLANDES ENDOCRINES | 2 | 5.3 | 0.2 |
| 8 | 155 | FOIE ET VOIES BILIAIRES INTRAHEPATIQUES | 2 | 4.0 | 0.2 |
| 9 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 1 | 2.7 | 0.1 |
| 10 | 170 | OS | 1 | 2.2 | 0.1 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS | 45 | 100.0 | 5.3 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

D E C E S A U C A N C E R
C A N A D A 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

TOUS LES AGES

| RANG | CIM-9 | CAUSE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 6115 | 30.4 | 52.8 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 1907 | 9.5 | 16.5 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 1628 | 8.1 | 14.1 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 1480 | 7.4 | 12.8 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 1109 | 5.5 | 9.6 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 794 | 3.9 | 6.9 |
| 7 | 188 | VESSIE | 661 | 3.3 | 5.7 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 543 | 2.7 | 4.7 |
| 9 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 466 | 2.3 | 4.0 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 459 | 2.3 | 4.0 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS | 20129 | 100.0 | 173.9 |

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 3251 | 20.5 | 27.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 1859 | 11.7 | 15.9 |
| 3 | 162 | POUMON | 1526 | 9.6 | 13.1 |
| 4 | 183 | OVAIRE | 985 | 6.2 | 8.4 |
| 5 | 157 | PANCREAS | 872 | 5.5 | 7.5 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 828 | 5.2 | 7.1 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 567 | 3.6 | 4.9 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 499 | 3.1 | 4.3 |
| 9 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 487 | 3.1 | 4.2 |
| 10 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 369 | 2.3 | 3.2 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS | 15856 | 100.0 | 135.7 |

FEMININ

DECES DUS AU CANCER
CANADA 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 85 ANS ET PLUS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|-------|--------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 371 | 31.3 | 907.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 131 | 11.1 | 320.3 |
| 3 | 188 | VESSIE | 114 | 9.6 | 278.7 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 108 | 9.2 | 264.1 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 74 | 6.3 | 180.9 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 74 | 6.3 | 180.9 |
| 7 | 140 | LEVRE | 34 | 2.9 | 83.1 |
| 8 | 157 | PANCREAS | 34 | 2.9 | 83.1 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 19 | 1.6 | 46.5 |
| 10 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 19 | 1.6 | 46.5 |
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 208 | 21.2 | 315.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 183 | 18.7 | 277.7 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 68 | 6.9 | 103.2 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 66 | 6.8 | 100.2 |
| 5 | 188 | VESSIE | 49 | 5.0 | 74.4 |
| 6 | 157 | PANCREAS | 46 | 4.7 | 69.8 |
| 7 | 162 | POUMON | 32 | 3.3 | 48.6 |
| 8 | 199 | SIEGE NON PRECISE | 27 | 2.7 | 41.0 |
| 9 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 26 | 2.6 | 39.5 |
| 10 | 183 | OVAIRE | 24 | 2.5 | 36.4 |
| Tous les cancers(2) | | | | | |
| 140-208 | | | 982 | 100.0 | 1490.1 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE) GROUPE D'AGE 80-84 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|-------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 466 | 29.7 | 833.6 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 216 | 13.8 | 386.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 155 | 9.9 | 277.3 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 128 | 8.2 | 229.0 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 102 | 6.5 | 182.5 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 95 | 6.0 | 169.9 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 48 | 3.1 | 85.9 |
| 8 | 140 | LEVRE | 40 | 2.5 | 71.6 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 31 | 2.0 | 55.5 |
| 10 | 150 | OSOPHAGE | 22 | 1.4 | 39.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1571 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 2810.4 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 249 | 20.6 | 292.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 227 | 18.8 | 266.7 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 82 | 6.7 | 96.4 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 69 | 5.7 | 81.1 |
| 5 | 188 | VESSIE | 53 | 4.4 | 62.3 |
| 6 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 51 | 4.2 | 59.9 |
| 7 | 162 | POUMON | 47 | 3.9 | 55.2 |
| 8 | 157 | PANCREAS | 45 | 3.7 | 52.9 |
| 9 | 183 | OVAIRE | 36 | 3.0 | 42.3 |
| 10 | 156 | VESICULE ET VOIES BILIAIRES | 29 | 2.4 | 34.1 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1210 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 1421.9 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
C A N A D A (S A U F L ' O N T A R I O) 1 9 7 5 - 1 9 7 9
(M O Y E N N E A N N U E L L E)

G R O U P E D ' A G E 7 5 - 7 9 A N S

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 647 | 25.8 | 651.6 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 441 | 17.6 | 444.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 240 | 9.6 | 241.7 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 192 | 7.7 | 193.4 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 171 | 6.8 | 172.2 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 141 | 5.6 | 142.0 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 76 | 3.0 | 76.5 |
| 8 | 140 | LEVRE | 58 | 2.3 | 58.4 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 55 | 2.2 | 55.4 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 36 | 1.4 | 36.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 2504 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 2521.7 | | | | | |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 381 | 21.8 | 285.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 296 | 16.9 | 222.1 |
| 3 | 154 | RECTUM | 112 | 6.4 | 84.0 |
| 4 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 108 | 6.2 | 81.0 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 96 | 5.5 | 72.0 |
| 6 | 162 | POUMON | 80 | 4.6 | 60.0 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 74 | 4.2 | 55.5 |
| 8 | 188 | VESSIE | 66 | 3.8 | 49.5 |
| 9 | 183 | OVAIRE | 56 | 3.2 | 42.0 |
| 10 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 41 | 2.4 | 30.8 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1746 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 1309.8 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GRUPE D'AGE 70-74 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|-------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 185 | PROSTATE | 702 | 21.9 | 439.8 |
| 2 | 162 | POUMON | 688 | 21.4 | 431.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 288 | 9.0 | 180.5 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 259 | 8.1 | 162.3 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 189 | 5.9 | 118.4 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 187 | 5.8 | 117.2 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 98 | 3.1 | 61.4 |
| 8 | 140 | LEVRE | 79 | 2.5 | 49.5 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 73 | 2.3 | 45.7 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 67 | 2.1 | 42.0 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 3212 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 2012.5 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 518 | 24.3 | 274.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 301 | 14.1 | 159.3 |
| 3 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 141 | 6.6 | 74.6 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 138 | 6.5 | 73.0 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 130 | 6.1 | 68.8 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 99 | 4.6 | 52.4 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 85 | 4.0 | 45.0 |
| 8 | 183 | OVAIRE | 76 | 3.6 | 40.2 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 70 | 3.3 | 37.0 |
| 10 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 51 | 2.4 | 27.0 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 2131 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 1127.5 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 65-69 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIÈGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|------|-------|--------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 791 | 24.1 | 351.7 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 559 | 17.0 | 248.6 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 280 | 8.5 | 124.5 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 250 | 7.6 | 111.2 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 195 | 5.9 | 86.7 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 188 | 5.7 | 83.6 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 96 | 2.9 | 42.7 |
| 8 | 140 | LEVRE | 89 | 2.7 | 39.6 |
| 9 | 161 | LARYNX | 85 | 2.6 | 37.8 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 84 | 2.6 | 37.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 3287 | 100.0 | 1461.5 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 675 | 27.5 | 268.3 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 284 | 11.6 | 112.9 |
| 3 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 212 | 8.6 | 84.3 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 170 | 6.9 | 67.6 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 130 | 5.3 | 51.7 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 110 | 4.5 | 43.7 |
| 7 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 84 | 3.4 | 33.4 |
| 8 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 82 | 3.4 | 32.6 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 69 | 2.8 | 27.4 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 68 | 2.8 | 27.0 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 2460 | 100.0 | 977.7 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE) GROUPE D'AGE 60-64 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIÈGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|--------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 744 | 26.5 | 266.5 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 353 | 12.5 | 126.4 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 217 | 7.7 | 77.7 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 195 | 6.9 | 69.8 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 184 | 6.5 | 65.9 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 153 | 5.4 | 54.8 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 96 | 3.4 | 34.4 |
| 8 | 189 | REIN | 86 | 3.0 | 30.8 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 85 | 3.0 | 30.4 |
| 10 | 140 | LEVRE | 70 | 2.5 | 25.1 |
| 140-208 | | | | | 1007.9 |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | 100.0 |
| | | | | | 2814 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 730 | 29.5 | 239.7 |
| 2 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 286 | 11.5 | 93.9 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 233 | 9.4 | 76.5 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 180 | 7.3 | 59.1 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 123 | 5.0 | 40.4 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 109 | 4.4 | 35.8 |
| 7 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 92 | 3.7 | 30.2 |
| 8 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 66 | 2.6 | 21.7 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 60 | 2.4 | 19.7 |
| 10 | 188 | VESSIE | 59 | 2.4 | 19.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | 100.0 |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | 2476 |
| | | | | | 812.9 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GRUPE D'AGE 55-59 ANS

RANG CIM-9 SIEGE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

| MASCULIN | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 565 | 27.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 171 | 8.2 |
| 3 | 185 | PROSTATE | 170 | 8.1 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 137 | 6.6 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 119 | 5.7 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 107 | 5.1 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 86 | 4.1 |
| 8 | 189 | REIN | 71 | 3.4 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 66 | 3.2 |
| 10 | 140 | LEVRE | 65 | 3.1 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | |
| 2089 100.0 644.2 | | | | |

| FEMININ | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 727 | 31.7 |
| 2 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 299 | 13.0 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 188 | 8.2 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 156 | 6.8 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 126 | 5.5 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 101 | 4.4 |
| 7 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 92 | 4.0 |
| 8 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 45 | 2.0 |
| 9 | 157 | PANCREAS | 42 | 1.8 |
| 10 | 188 | VESSIE | 39 | 1.7 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | |
| 2295 100.0 656.3 | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)
GROUPE D'AGE 50-54 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|------|-------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 370 | 25.0 | 100.6 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 114 | 7.7 | 31.0 |
| 3 | 188 | VESSIE | 102 | 6.9 | 27.7 |
| 4 | 154 | RECTUM | 93 | 6.3 | 25.3 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 81 | 5.5 | 22.0 |
| 6 | 185 | PROSTATE | 64 | 4.3 | 17.4 |
| 7 | 161 | LARYNX | 59 | 4.0 | 16.0 |
| 8 | 189 | REIN | 54 | 3.6 | 14.7 |
| 9 | 140 | LEVRE | 49 | 3.3 | 13.3 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 41 | 2.8 | 11.1 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1481 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 402.7 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 692 | 37.4 | 179.9 |
| 2 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 181 | 9.8 | 47.0 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 137 | 7.4 | 35.6 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 119 | 6.4 | 30.9 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 105 | 5.7 | 27.3 |
| 6 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 97 | 5.3 | 25.2 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 68 | 3.7 | 17.7 |
| 8 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 31 | 1.7 | 8.1 |
| 9 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 30 | 1.6 | 7.8 |
| 10 | 189 | REIN | 28 | 1.5 | 7.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1850 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 480.9 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 45-49 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------|-----|------|------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 177 | 21.1 | 44.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 63 | 7.5 | 15.9 |
| 3 | 188 | VESSIE | 56 | 6.6 | 14.2 |
| 4 | 154 | RECTUM | 54 | 6.4 | 13.7 |
| 5 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 40 | 4.8 | 10.1 |
| 6 | 189 | REIN | 35 | 4.2 | 8.9 |
| 7 | 140 | LEVRE | 34 | 4.1 | 8.6 |
| 8 | 161 | LARYNX | 32 | 3.8 | 8.1 |
| 9 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 28 | 3.3 | 7.1 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 26 | 3.1 | 6.6 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 841 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 212.8 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 600 | 43.5 | 153.9 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 101 | 7.3 | 25.9 |
| 3 | 183 | OVAIRE | 88 | 6.4 | 22.6 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 81 | 5.8 | 20.8 |
| 5 | 162 | POUMON | 75 | 5.4 | 19.2 |
| 6 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 73 | 5.3 | 18.7 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 43 | 3.1 | 11.0 |
| 8 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 25 | 1.8 | 6.4 |
| 9 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 24 | 1.7 | 6.2 |
| 10 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 21 | 1.6 | 5.4 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 1379 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 353.7 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER

CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979

(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 40-44 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SEIE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 75 | 16.9 | 18.8 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 37 | 8.3 | 9.3 |
| 3 | 188 | VESSIE | 24 | 5.4 | 6.0 |
| 4 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 21 | 4.7 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 21 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| 6 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 20 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| 7 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 19 | 4.4 | 4.8 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 18 | 4.1 | 4.5 |
| 9 | 189 | REIN | 17 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| 10 | 186 | TESTICULE | 17 | 3.8 | 4.3 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 444 | 100.0 | 111.2 |

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 376 | 43.9 | 96.4 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 83 | 9.7 | 21.3 |
| 3 | 183 | OVAIRE | 46 | 5.4 | 11.8 |
| 4 | 153 | COLON | 43 | 5.1 | 11.0 |
| 5 | 162 | POUMON | 35 | 4.1 | 9.0 |
| 6 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 35 | 4.1 | 9.0 |
| 7 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 27 | 3.2 | 6.9 |
| 8 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 24 | 2.8 | 6.2 |
| 9 | 154 | RECTUM | 21 | 2.5 | 5.4 |
| 10 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 15 | 1.8 | 3.8 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 857 | 100.0 | 219.6 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 35-39 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|----|-----|-----|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 25 | 8.4 | 5.7 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTICULE | 24 | 8.2 | 5.5 |
| 3 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 22 | 7.5 | 5.0 |
| 4 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 20 | 6.8 | 4.5 |
| 5 | 153 | COLON | 19 | 6.3 | 4.3 |
| 6 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 16 | 5.5 | 3.6 |
| 7 | 188 | VESSIE | 15 | 5.1 | 3.4 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 15 | 4.9 | 3.4 |
| 9 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 14 | 4.6 | 3.2 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 12 | 3.9 | 2.7 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 296 100.0 67.2 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|------|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 207 | 37.5 | 48.3 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 83 | 14.9 | 19.4 |
| 3 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 26 | 4.8 | 6.1 |
| 4 | 183 | OVAIRE | 26 | 4.6 | 6.1 |
| 5 | 193 | CORPS THYROÏDE | 22 | 4.0 | 5.1 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 22 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| 7 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 18 | 3.3 | 4.2 |
| 8 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 15 | 2.7 | 3.5 |
| 9 | 162 | POUMON | 12 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| 10 | 154 | RECTUM | 11 | 1.9 | 2.6 |
| 140-208 TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 554 100.0 129.2 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER

CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979

(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 30-34 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIÈGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|----|------|-----|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 186 | TESTICULE | 33 | 13.4 | 5.9 |
| 2 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 24 | 9.7 | 4.3 |
| 3 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 22 | 8.8 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 16 | 6.6 | 2.8 |
| 5 | 153 | COLON | 14 | 5.5 | 2.5 |
| 6 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 13 | 5.1 | 2.3 |
| 7 | 154 | RECTUM | 10 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| 8 | 162 | POUMON | 10 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 9 | 3.7 | 1.6 |
| 10 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 9 | 3.6 | 1.6 |
| 140-208 TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 247 100.0 43.9 | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|------|------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 123 | 28.0 | 22.4 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 85 | 19.3 | 15.5 |
| 3 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 34 | 7.6 | 6.2 |
| 4 | 193 | CORPS THYROÏDE | 29 | 6.5 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 25 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| 6 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 16 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 7 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 13 | 3.0 | 2.4 |
| 8 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 12 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| 9 | 153 | COLON | 11 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| 10 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 7 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 140-208 TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 441 100.0 80.3 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
 (2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
 NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 25-29 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|--|-----|-------|------|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 38 | 18.8 | 5.8 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTICULE | 33 | 16.2 | 5.1 |
| 3 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 18 | 9.0 | 2.8 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 15 | 7.3 | 2.3 |
| 5 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 10 | 4.8 | 1.5 |
| 6 | 153 | COLON | 8 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| 7 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 8 | 4.1 | 1.2 |
| 8 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 8 | 3.8 | 1.2 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 7 | 3.5 | 1.1 |
| 10 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 6 | 2.9 | 0.9 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 202 | 100.0 | 31.0 |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|---|-----|-------|------|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 62 | 22.0 | 9.7 |
| 2 | 174 | SEIN | 39 | 13.9 | 6.1 |
| 3 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 25 | 9.0 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 22 | 7.7 | 3.4 |
| 5 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 21 | 7.5 | 3.3 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 16 | 5.7 | 2.5 |
| 7 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 11 | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| 8 | 153 | COLON | 8 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
| 9 | 184 | ORGANES GENITAUX FEMININS AUTRES ET SAI | 6 | 2.2 | 0.9 |
| 10 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 6 | 2.0 | 0.9 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 282 | 100.0 | 44.0 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER

CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979

(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GRUPE D'AGE 20-24 ANS

RANG CIM-9 SIEGE NOMBRE POURCENTAGE TAUX(1)

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 39 | 24.3 | 5.4 |
| 2 | 186 | TESTICULE | 28 | 17.1 | 3.9 |
| 3 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 10 | 6.2 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 10 | 6.0 | 1.4 |
| 5 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 5.9 | 1.4 |
| 6 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 8 | 5.1 | 1.1 |
| 7 | 170 | OS | 8 | 4.8 | 1.1 |
| 8 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 6 | 3.6 | 0.8 |
| 9 | 171 | TISSU CONJOINTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 5 | 3.3 | 0.7 |
| 10 | 188 | VESSIE | 4 | 2.6 | 0.6 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | 162 | 100.0 | 22.5 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 25 | 14.7 | 3.5 |
| 2 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 24 | 14.0 | 3.4 |
| 3 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 18 | 10.7 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 14 | 8.6 | 2.0 |
| 5 | 183 | OVAIRE | 13 | 8.0 | 1.8 |
| 6 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 9 | 5.1 | 1.3 |
| 7 | 171 | TISSU CONJOINTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 6 | 3.7 | 0.8 |
| 8 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 5 | 3.2 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 174 | SEIN | 5 | 3.1 | 0.7 |
| 10 | 170 | OS | 5 | 2.9 | 0.7 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | 168 | 100.0 | 23.6 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
 (2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
 NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

GROUPE D'AGE 15-19 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 19 | 16.3 | 2.4 |
| 2 | 170 | OS | 14 | 12.7 | 1.8 |
| 3 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 13 | 11.6 | 1.6 |
| 4 | 186 | TESTICULE | 12 | 10.2 | 1.5 |
| 5 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 11 | 9.3 | 1.4 |
| 6 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 9 | 8.3 | 1.1 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 5 | 4.2 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 3.7 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 4 | 3.3 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 3 | 3.0 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | 114 | 100.0 | 14.4 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 21 | 20.5 | 2.8 |
| 2 | 183 | OVAIRE | 12 | 11.4 | 1.6 |
| 3 | 170 | OS | 11 | 11.2 | 1.5 |
| 4 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 9 | 8.9 | 1.2 |
| 5 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 8 | 7.5 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 172 | MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 5 | 4.5 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 4 | 4.1 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 3 | 2.6 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | 101 | 100.0 | 13.3 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

INCIDENCE DU CANCER (MOYENNE ANNUELLE) CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979

GRUPE D'AGE 10-14 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|--|----|-------|-----|
| MASCULIN | | | | | |
| 1 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 14 | 20.4 | 1.9 |
| 2 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 9 | 13.3 | 1.2 |
| 3 | 170 | OS | 9 | 13.0 | 1.2 |
| 4 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 7 | 10.6 | 1.0 |
| 5 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 5 | 7.4 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 6.5 | 0.5 |
| 7 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 3 | 5.0 | 0.4 |
| 8 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 2 | 3.5 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 2 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 194 | AUTRES Glandes ENDOCRINES | 2 | 2.7 | 0.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 68 | 100.0 | 9.3 |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|--|----|-------|-----|
| FEMININ | | | | | |
| 1 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 18.2 | 1.4 |
| 2 | 170 | OS | 8 | 13.3 | 1.1 |
| 3 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 7 | 11.9 | 1.0 |
| 4 | 201 | MALADIE DE HODGKIN | 5 | 8.0 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 7.3 | 0.6 |
| 6 | 183 | OVAIRE | 4 | 7.3 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 4 | 6.6 | 0.6 |
| 8 | 193 | CORPS THYROIDE | 2 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 2 | 3.5 | 0.3 |
| 10 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 2 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| | | | 57 | 100.0 | 8.1 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARONDISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)
GROUPE D'AGE 5-9 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|----|-------|------|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 17 | 26.3 | 2.8 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 10 | 15.5 | 1.6 |
| 3 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 5 | 8.4 | 0.8 |
| 4 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 4 | 6.5 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 4 | 5.9 | 0.7 |
| 6 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 4 | 5.6 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 189 | REIN | 3 | 5.3 | 0.5 |
| 8 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 3 | 5.3 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 3 | 5.0 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 170 | OS | 3 | 4.0 | 0.5 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | 65 | 100.0 | 10.6 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|----|-------|-----|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 15 | 32.2 | 2.6 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 9 | 19.5 | 1.5 |
| 3 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 3 | 7.2 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 189 | REIN | 3 | 5.5 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 2 | 5.1 | 0.3 |
| 6 | 170 | OS | 2 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 2 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 2 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 9 | 190 | OEIL | 1 | 2.5 | 0.2 |
| 10 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 1 | 2.5 | 0.2 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS | 47 | 100.0 | 8.1 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)
GROUPE D'AGE 0-4 ANS

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX (1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|-----|-------|------|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 28 | 27.0 | 4.8 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 14 | 13.1 | 2.4 |
| 3 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 12 | 11.0 | 2.1 |
| 4 | 189 | REIN | 11 | 10.3 | 1.9 |
| 5 | 190 | OEIL | 6 | 5.3 | 1.0 |
| 6 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 4 | 4.2 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 194 | AUTRES GLANDES ENDOCRINES | 4 | 3.8 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 4 | 3.4 | 0.7 |
| 9 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 3 | 3.0 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 202 | AUTRES DES TISSUS LYMPHOIDES | 3 | 2.9 | 0.5 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | 105 | 100.0 | 18.1 |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|--|----|-------|------|
| 1 | 204 | LEUCEMIE LYMPHOIDE | 23 | 27.5 | 4.2 |
| 2 | 191 | L'ENCEPHALE | 11 | 12.8 | 2.0 |
| 3 | 171 | TISSU CONJONCTIF ET AUTRES TISSUS MOUS | 8 | 9.9 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 189 | REIN | 7 | 8.9 | 1.3 |
| 5 | 190 | OEIL | 6 | 7.0 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 208 | LEUCEMIE A CELLULES NON PRECISEES | 4 | 5.1 | 0.7 |
| 7 | 205 | LEUCEMIE MYELOIDE | 4 | 4.6 | 0.7 |
| 8 | 192 | SYSTEM NERVEUX, PARTIES AUTRES ET SAI | 3 | 3.6 | 0.5 |
| 9 | 200 | LYMPHOSARCOME ET RETICULOSARCOME | 2 | 2.7 | 0.4 |
| 10 | 194 | AUTRES GLANDES ENDOCRINES | 2 | 2.4 | 0.4 |
| | 140-208 | TOUTS LES CANCERS(2) | 83 | 100.0 | 15.0 |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979 (MOYENNE ANNUELLE) TOUS LES AGES

- 15 -

| RANG | CIM-9 | SIEGE | NOMBRE | POURCENTAGE | TAUX(1) |
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|
|------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|

MASCULIN

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|----------|------|------|------|
| 1 | 162 | POUMON | 4217 | 20.4 | 56.7 |
| 2 | 185 | PROSTATE | 3355 | 16.2 | 45.1 |
| 3 | 153 | COLON | 1741 | 8.4 | 23.4 |
| 4 | 188 | VESSIE | 1494 | 7.2 | 20.1 |
| 5 | 154 | RECTUM | 1189 | 5.7 | 16.0 |
| 6 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 1150 | 5.6 | 15.5 |
| 7 | 157 | PANCREAS | 591 | 2.9 | 7.9 |
| 8 | 189 | REIN | 563 | 2.7 | 7.6 |
| 9 | 140 | LEVRE | 556 | 2.7 | 7.5 |
| 10 | 161 | LARYNX | 509 | 2.5 | 6.8 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 20685 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 278.2 | | | | | |

FEMININ

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|------|------|------|
| 1 | 174 | SEIN | 5533 | 28.9 | 74.1 |
| 2 | 153 | COLON | 2022 | 10.6 | 27.1 |
| 3 | 182 | CORPS DE L'UTERUS | 1451 | 7.6 | 19.4 |
| 4 | 162 | POUMON | 1055 | 5.5 | 14.1 |
| 5 | 180 | COL DE L'UTERUS | 941 | 4.9 | 12.6 |
| 6 | 154 | RECTUM | 898 | 4.7 | 12.0 |
| 7 | 183 | OVAIRE | 874 | 4.6 | 11.7 |
| 8 | 151 | ESTOMAC | 610 | 3.2 | 8.2 |
| 9 | 188 | VESSIE | 475 | 2.5 | 6.4 |
| 10 | 157 | PANCREAS | 471 | 2.5 | 6.3 |
| 140-208 | | | | | |
| TOUS LES CANCERS(2) | | | | | |
| 19118 | | | | | |
| 100.0 | | | | | |
| 256.0 | | | | | |

(1) POUR 100,000 HABITANTS (1977)
(2) A L'EXCLUSION DU CANCER DE LA PEAU AUTRE QUE LE MELANOME MALIN DE LA PEAU
NOTA: VOIR LA NOTE CONCERNANT L'ARRODISSEMENT DES NOMBRES A LA PAGE 6.

I N C I D E N C E D U C A N C E R
CANADA (SAUF L'ONTARIO) 1975 - 1979
(MOYENNE ANNUELLE)

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF 3. Comparaison de l'incidence du cancer et de la mortalité due au cancer, Canada(1), 1975-1979

| Siège du cancer | Pourcentage des | | | Rang |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Nouveaux cas | Décès attribuables au cancer | Nouveaux cas | Décès |

Masculin - Tous les âges

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|-------|----|----|
| Poumon | 20.4 | 30.4 | 1 | 1 |
| Prostate | 16.2 | 9.5 | 2 | 2 |
| Côlon | 8.4 | 8.1 | 3 | 3 |
| Vessie | 7.2 | 3.3 | 4 | 7 |
| Rectum, | 5.7 | 3.9 | 5 | 6 |
| Estomac | 5.6 | 7.4 | 6 | 4 |
| Pancréas | 2.9 | 5.5 | 7 | 5 |
| Rein | 2.7 | 2.3 | 8 | 10 |
| Lèvre | 2.7 | x | 9 | x |
| Larynx | 2.5 | x | 10 | x |
| Tous les cancers(2) | 100.0 | 100.0 | - | - |

Féminin - Tous les âges

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|-------|----|---|
| Sein | 28.9 | 20.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Côlon | 10.6 | 11.7 | 2 | 2 |
| Corps de l'utérus | 7.6 | x | 3 | 3 |
| Poumon | 5.5 | 9.6 | 4 | x |
| Col de l'utérus | 4.9 | 3.1 | 5 | 3 |
| Rectum | 4.7 | 3.6 | 6 | 9 |
| Ovaire | 4.6 | 6.2 | 7 | 7 |
| Estomac | 3.2 | 5.2 | 8 | 4 |
| Vessie | 2.5 | x | 9 | 6 |
| Pancréas | 2.5 | 5.5 | 10 | x |
| Tous les cancers(2) | 100.0 | 100.0 | - | - |

(1) En ce qui concerne l'incidence du cancer, les pourcentages sont ceux du Canada, sans l'Ontario.
 (2) Le cancer de la peau (autre que le mélanome malin de la peau) non compris.
 x - Siège ne se classe pas parmi les dix principales causes de décès dues au cancer.

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF 2. Décès dus au cancer, Canada, 1975-1979 et 1980

Tous les âges

| CIM-9 | Cause | 1980 | | 1975-1979 | | Variation en pourcentage du taux |
|----------|-------------------|------|---------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|
| | | Rang | Taux(1) | Rang | Taux(1) | |
| Masculin | | | | | | |
| 162 | Poumon | 1 | 59.5 | 1 | 52.8 | + 12.7 |
| 185 | Prostate | 2 | 19.4 | 2 | 16.5 | + 17.6 |
| 153 | Côlon | 3 | 15.0 | 3 | 14.1 | + 6.4 |
| 151 | Estomac | 4 | 11.7 | 4 | 12.8 | - 8.6 |
| 157 | Pancréas | 5 | 9.8 | 5 | 9.6 | + 2.1 |
| 199 | Siège non précisé | 6 | 7.2 | 8 | 4.7 | + 53.2 |
| 154 | Rectum | 7 | 6.7 | 6 | 6.9 | - 2.9 |
| 188 | Vessie | 8 | 6.0 | 7 | 5.7 | + 5.3 |
| 191 | L'encéphale | 9 | 5.5 | 9 | 4.0 | + 37.5 |
| 189 | Rein | 10 | 4.2 | 10 | 4.0 | + 5.0 |
| 140-208 | Tous les cancers | - | 186.2 | - | 173.9 | + 7.1 |
| Féminin | | | | | | |
| 174 | Sein | 1 | 28.8 | 1 | 27.8 | + 3.6 |
| 162 | Poumon | 2 | 16.6 | 3 | 13.1 | + 26.7 |
| 153 | Côlon | 3 | 16.5 | 2 | 15.9 | + 3.8 |
| 183 | Ovaire | 4 | 8.4 | 4 | 8.4 | 0.0 |
| 157 | Pancréas | 5 | 7.9 | 5 | 7.5 | + 5.3 |
| 151 | Estomac | 6 | 6.6 | 6 | 7.1 | - 7.0 |
| 199 | Siège non précisé | 7 | 6.5 | 8 | 4.3 | + 51.2 |
| 154 | Rectum | 8 | 5.0 | 7 | 4.9 | + 2.0 |
| 191 | L'encéphale | 9 | 4.0 | 10 | 3.2 | + 25.0 |
| 180 | Col de l'utérus | 10 | 3.6 | 9 | 4.2 | - 14.3 |
| 140-208 | Tous les cancers | - | 144.1 | - | 135.7 | + 6.2 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| (1) Pour 100,000 habitants. | |
|-----------------------------|--|

(1) Pour 100,000 habitants.

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF 1. Incidence du cancer, Canada (sauf l'Ontario), 1975-1979 et 1980

Tous les âges

| CIM-9 | Siège | 1980 | | 1975-1979 | | Variation en pourcentage du taux |
|----------|----------------------|------|---------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|
| | | Rang | Taux(1) | Rang | Taux(1) | |
| Masculin | | | | | | |
| 162 | Poumon | 1 | 62.2 | 1 | 56.7 | + 9.7 |
| 185 | Prostate | 2 | 50.1 | 2 | 45.1 | + 11.1 |
| 153 | Colo | 3 | 24.2 | 3 | 23.4 | + 3.4 |
| 188 | Vessie | 4 | 19.9 | 4 | 20.1 | - 1.0 |
| 154 | Rectum | 5 | 16.3 | 5 | 16.0 | + 1.9 |
| 151 | Estomac | 6 | 14.7 | 6 | 15.5 | - 5.2 |
| 157 | Pancréas | 7 | 8.6 | 7 | 7.9 | + 8.9 |
| 161 | Larynx | 8 | 8.1 | 10 | 6.8 | + 19.1 |
| 189 | Rein | 9 | 7.7 | 8 | 7.6 | + 1.3 |
| 140 | Levre | 10 | 6.6 | 9 | 7.5 | - 12.0 |
| 140-208 | Tous les can-cers(2) | - | 296.4 | - | 278.2 | + 6.5 |
| Féminin | | | | | | |
| 174 | Sein | 1 | 74.1 | 1 | 74.1 | 0.0 |
| 153 | Colo | 2 | 28.9 | 2 | 27.1 | + 6.6 |
| 162 | Poumon | 3 | 18.3 | 4 | 14.1 | + 29.8 |
| 182 | Corps de l'utérus | 4 | 18.0 | 3 | 19.4 | - 7.2 |
| 183 | Ovaire | 5 | 12.1 | 7 | 11.7 | + 3.4 |
| 154 | Rectum | 6 | 11.8 | 6 | 12.0 | - 1.7 |
| 180 | Col de l'utérus | 7 | 11.5 | 5 | 12.6 | - 8.7 |
| 151 | Estomac | 8 | 7.9 | 8 | 8.2 | - 3.7 |
| 157 | Pancréas | 9 | 7.0 | 10 | 6.3 | + 11.1 |
| 188 | Vessie | 10 | 6.0 | 9 | 6.4 | - 6.3 |
| 140-208 | Tous les can-cers(2) | - | 263.8 | - | 256.0 | + 3.0 |

(1) Pour 100,000 habitants.
(2) A l'exclusion du cancer de la peau autre que le mélanome malin de la peau.

(1) Pour 100,000 habitants.

(2) A l'exclusion du cancer de la peau autre que le mélanome malin de la peau.

du cancer. Pour les cancers auxquels le taux de survie est relativement élevé, le rapport est supérieur à la moyenne, et ces cancers représentent une plus grande proportion des nouveaux cas que les décès et peuvent par conséquent occuper un rang plus élevé sur le plan de l'incidence. Dans ce groupe figurent le cancer du sein, de la vessie, de la prostate et du col et du corps de l'utérus. Par ailleurs, les cancers auxquels le taux de survie est faible sont la cause d'une plus grande proportion des décès que les nouveaux cas et peuvent occuper, sur le plan des décès, un rang plus élevé que l'incidence du cancer. Dans ce groupe, on retrouve le cancer du poumon, du pancréas et de l'estomac (voir tableau explicatif 3). Le cancer du poumon, par exemple, de classe au troisième rang sur le plan de la mortalité due au cancer chez les femmes mais au quatrième sur le plan de l'incidence du cancer.

Chez les femmes, le cancer du sein se classe constamment au premier rang et représente une très forte proportion des nouveaux cancers, qui varie de 44% chez les 45-49 ans à 30% chez les 60-64 ans. Pour le groupe des 40 à 49 ans, le col de l'utérus et les ovaires sont les deux autres principaux sièges du cancer. Après 50 ans, le cancer du corps de l'utérus et le cancer du col ont gagné en importance et se classent au deuxième ou troisième rang jusqu'à l'âge de 74 ans. Le cancer du poumon se classe constamment au quatrième rang chez les femmes de 50 à 74 ans.

(iv) Groupe des 65 ans et plus

Chez les 65 ans et plus, les cancers représentent 57% de tous les nouveaux cancers diagnostiqués chez les hommes et 45% chez les femmes. Chez les hommes plus âgés, soit à partir de 70 ans, la prostate est le principal siège du cancer, suivie du poumon et du col. Ces trois sièges représentent plus de 50% des nouveaux cancers diagnostiqués chez les hommes plus âgés.

Chez les femmes, le sein, le col et le corps de l'utérus continuent d'être les principaux sièges du cancer jusqu'à l'âge de 74 ans. Chez les femmes plus âgées, l'importance relative du cancer de l'utérus diminue, et le cancer du rectum est plus fréquent.

(v) Tous âges

Les dix principaux sièges de cancer chez les hommes et les femmes de tous âges figurent à la page 15. Chez les hommes, le poumon est le principal siège du cancer, et le cinquième de tous les nouveaux cancers lui sont attribuables. Le cancer de la prostate occupe également une place très importante, car il représente 16% des nouveaux cancers. Le cancer du col a vient au troisième rang chez les hommes, et 8% des nouveaux cancers lui sont attribuables. Chez les femmes, le cancer du sein prédomine sur le plan de l'incidence. Près de 30% des nouveaux cancers lui sont attribuables. Le cancer du col (10% des nouveaux cancers) et le cancer du corps de l'utérus (7.6% des nouveaux cancers) viennent au deuxième et au troisième rang respectivement(1).

B. COMPARAISON DE LA MORTALITÉ DUE AU CANCER ET DE L'INCIDENCE DU CANCER AU COURS DE LA PÉRIODE 1975-1979(2)

En moyenne, 17 nouveaux cas de cancer (sauf le cancer de la peau autre que le mélanome malin de la peau) sont diagnostiqués pour dix décès qui se produisent, mais ce rapport varie beaucoup selon le siège

- (1) En 1980, le cancer du poumon, pour lequel l'incidence et les taux de mortalité ont augmenté sensiblement, est devenu la deuxième cause principale de décès chez les femmes et le troisième siège principale sur le plan de l'incidence du cancer (voir tableaux explicatifs 1 et 2).
- (2) Les comparaisons des données sur la mortalité attribuable au cancer et des données sur l'incidence sont fondées sur les taux pour 100,000 habitants, le rang ou la répartition en pourcentage. Les nombres ne peuvent pas servir à cette fin, car les données sur la mortalité sont fondées sur l'ensemble du Canada alors que les données sur l'incidence n'englobent pas l'Ontario.

POINTS SAILLANTS

A. INCIDENCE DU CANCER, 1975-1979

(1) Groupe des 0 à 24 ans

Relativement peu de cancers sont diagnostiqués chez les enfants en bas âge. Par exemple, un peu plus de 1% des nouveaux cancers sont déclarés chez les enfants de 0 à 15 ans. Dans le cas des cancers diagnostiqués, la leucémie lymphoïde et le cancer de l'encéphale, des os et du tissu conjonctif et autres tissus mous prédominent chez les deux sexes.

Les cancers chez les adolescents et les jeunes adultes (15-24 ans) représentent 1.4% des cancers. Pour ces groupes d'âges, la maladie de Hodgkin est le cancer diagnostiqué le plus souvent. En outre, le cancer des organes reproducteurs est de plus en plus fréquent. Chez les jeunes hommes, le cancer du testicule se classe au quatrième rang dans le cas de 15 à 19 ans et au deuxième rang chez les 20 ans et plus. Chez les jeunes femmes, le cancer de l'ovaire arrive au deuxième rang pour les 15 à 19 ans, mais chez les 20 ans et plus, le cancer du col de l'utérus commence à prédominer.

(11) Groupe des 25 à 44 ans

Les cancers chez les hommes et les femmes de 25 à 44 ans représentent 8% de tous les nouveaux cancers. Dans ce groupe d'âge, le cancer se produit beaucoup plus souvent chez les femmes que chez les hommes (18 cancers chez les femmes contre 10 chez les hommes).

La maladie de Hodgkin, le cancer du testicule et le mélanome malin de la peau sont les principaux genres de cancer chez les hommes de 25 à 34 ans, mais, à partir de 35 ans, le cancer du poumon prédomine. Chez les femmes, le cancer du col de l'utérus se classe au premier rang chez les 25 à 29 ans, mais, à compter de 30 ans, le cancer du sein est de loin le cancer diagnostiqué le plus souvent, suivi du cancer du col de l'utérus. Le corps thyroïde et le mélanome malin de la peau sont également des sièges importants de cancer chez les femmes de ce groupe d'âges.

(111) Groupe des 45 à 64 ans

Les cancers diagnostiqués dans ce groupe d'âges représentent 35% des cancers chez les hommes et 42% chez les femmes. Le poumon, qui est le principal siège du cancer chez les hommes de plus de 35 ans, prédomine dans ce groupe d'âges, car il représente au moins 20% et peut représenter jusqu'à 27% de tous les nouveaux cancers. Les autres formes principales de cancer chez les hommes de ce groupe d'âges sont le cancer du colon et de la vessie et le cancer de la prostate, qui devient plus fréquent chez les 55 ans et plus.

Les pourcentages - La part de chaque siège de cancer par rapport à l'incidence totale ou à la mortalité d'un groupe d'âges donné. Les pourcentages ont été calculés d'après les nombres moyens (voir ci-dessus) avant l'arrondissement. Leur somme ne correspond pas à 100%, car seuls les dix principaux cancers sont indiqués.

Les taux - Le nombre annuel moyen de nouveaux cas ou de décès pour 100,000 personnes d'un groupe d'âges donné. Les chiffres sur la population pour 1977, année du milieu de la période, ont servi à calculer les taux.

INTRODUCTION

Dans le présent bulletin figurent des données sur l'importance relative de l'incidence du cancer et de la mortalité due à divers cancers chez des personnes de différents groupes d'âges au Canada. Ces données permettent d'obtenir des réponses à des questions comme les suivantes :

Quels genres de cancers sont diagnostiqués chez les enfants, les personnes d'un certain âge et les personnes âgées?

Selon quelle fréquence ces cancers sont-ils diagnostiqués?

Combien de décès sont attribuables à ces cancers?

Quels sont les principaux cancers diagnostiqués chez les hommes et chez les femmes à différents âges?

Pour pouvoir dégager une tendance significative du cancer chez chaque groupe d'âges à partir de données suffisantes, nous avons fondé la présente analyse sur la période quinquennale 1975-1979. Il convient toutefois de noter que la tendance évolue avec le temps, car l'importance relative de certains cancers augmente tandis que celle d'autres cancers diminue. Par exemple, l'incidence du cancer du poumon et les taux de mortalité attribuables à ce cancer s'accroissent encore de façon marquée, en particulier chez les femmes alors que les taux du cancer de l'estomac continuent de baisser. Les tableaux explicatifs 1 et 2 présentent une comparaison entre les taux de cancer pour la période 1975-1979 et les taux pour 1980 (dernière année pour laquelle nous disposons de données sur l'incidence). Nous projetons de faire paraître d'autres bulletins semblables au présent bulletin pour traduire les variations qui se produisent.

NOTES CONCERNANT LES TABLEAUX

Les données proviennent de deux sources :

A. Le système national de déclaration des cas de cancer, qui est fondé sur les déclarations des cancers nouvellement diagnostiqués des registres provinciaux du cancer(1). Ce système a été établi en 1969.

B. Le fichier national de données sur la mortalité qui est fondé sur les rapports des bureaux provinciaux de la statistique de l'état civil. Cette série de données remonte à 1921.

Les tableaux révèlent :

Les nombres - Le nombre moyen de nouveaux cas ou de décès par année au cours de la période 1975-1979. Les moyennes ont été arrondies au nombre entier le plus proche. Comme les nombres figurant dans les tableaux sur l'incidence du cancer n'englobent pas l'Ontario, alors que les tableaux sur la mortalité englobent cette province, toute comparaison entre les deux genres de données doit être fondée sur les taux pour 100,000 habitants, le rang ou la répartition en pourcentage plutôt que sur les nombres.

(1) L'Ontario ne figure pas dans les tableaux sur l'incidence du cancer parce que les données récentes de cette province ne sont pas disponibles.

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INCIDENCE DU CANCER ET MORTALITÉ
CHEZ DIFFÉRENTS GROUPES D'ÂGES
CANADA, 1975-1979

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